# Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1869. NUMBER 150.


# FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

## GETTYSBURG MONUMENT.

**The Dedication Yesterday—6,000 to 10,000 People Present—Address by Gen. Meade—Oration by Senator Morton—Poem by Bayard Taylor.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GETTYSBURG, July 1.—The town is thronged, and many were obliged to stay in the streets all night. Many strangers are to-day visiting the battle field. The procession marched to the cemetery at ten o'clock under military escort.

The proceedings at the monument, around which were stationed the military, commenced by the singing of a hymn by the Baltimore Arion Society.

Rev. Mr. Beecher then made the opening prayer, invoking divine protection for the future of this land as it had been accorded to it in the days of trial; praying that God would remember those whose homes were poorer because of the loss of those who are entombed on the field of battle, and beseeching divine guidance for the rulers of the country that peace may ever bless the whole land.

The hymn, "'Tis Holy Ground," written by B. B. French, of Washington, for the dedication of the Cemetery in 1863, was sung by the choir.

President Wills then announced that Gen. Meade would address the audience preparatory to unveiling the monument, which would take place during the firing of a salute of one gun for each State having dead buried within its limits.

Gen. Meade then took his position on the platform, and was received with cheers. When the cheering had subsided, Gen. Meade said:

*My Fellow-Citizens, Ladies and Gentlemen:* Six years ago I stood upon this ground, under circumstances very different from those which now surround us. These beautiful hills and valleys, now teaming with luxuriant crops, these happy places around me, are widely different from the tumultous roar of war and the terrible scenes enacted at that time. Four years ago I stood here, by invitation of the same honored gentlemen who have brought me here at this time, and laid the corner-stone of this monument which we are brought together to-day to dedicate. And now for the third time I appear before you, at the request of the managers of the Monument Association, to render my assistance, humble as it is, paying respect to the memory of the brave men who fell here, by dedicating this monument to them. And, at the request of these gentlemen, I am about to make to you a very few remarks, which are incidental to the occasion and suggested by it.

When I look around and see, as I now see, so many brave men who were by my side in that memorable battle, among them His Excellency, the present Governor of Pennsylvania, Gen. Geary, and others who were with me at that time—when I look back and think on the noble spirits who then fought so well and now sleep the sleep that knows no waking—gallant Reynolds, my bosom friend, as well as my right hand officer—brave Vincent and Zook and Weed, and others, far more in number than I have time or words to mention—my feelings are those of mingled sadness and joy; sadness, my friends, to think there ever was an occasion when such men should be arrayed in battle, as they were here; that we should ever have been called upon, as we were called upon this field, to defend the flag of our country and Government, which have been handed down to us from our forefathers; sad to think of the mourning and desolation which prostrated our whole land, North and South; sad to contemplate the destruction of life which we here wrought in obedience to our highest duty. I am filled with sadness to think of the hosts of mourning widows and orphans left throughout the land by that dreadful struggle. Such thoughts naturally come on us. At the same time I am filled with gratitude and joy, gratitude to the Almighty who directed the event, and who selected me as an humble instrument, with those then around me upon this field, to obtain that decisive victory which turned the tide of that great war, and settled forever, I trust, in this county, the principles of personal liberty and constitutional freedom. [Applause.] I feel gratitude that our fellow countrymen have been moved to the respect and honor we are now paying to the memory of those men, who, in the discharge of their duty, laid down their lives, proving, by the highest sacrifice man can render, their devotion to the cause they were defending. Gratitude to those present to-day, who by their presence contribute and render high honor justly due to the fallen braves.

There is one subject, my friends, which I will mention now on this spot, where my attention has been called to it, and in which I trust my feeble voice will have some influence. I see here and there, marked with hastily dug trenches, the graves in which the dead with whom we fought are gathered. They are the work of my brothers in arms, the day after the battle. Above them a bit of plank indicates simply that these remains of fallen foes were hurriedly laid there by the soldiers who met them in battle. Why should we not collect them in some suitable place? I do not ask that a monument be erected over them. I do not ask that we should in any way endorse their cause, or their conduct, or entertain other than a feeling of condemnation for their course. But they are dead; they have gone before their Maker to be judged. In all civilized countries it is the usage to bury the dead with decency and respect, and even to fallen enemies respectful burial is accorded in death. [Applause.] I earnestly hope this suggestion may have some influence throughout this broad land, for this is only one among a hundred crowded battle-fields. Some persons may be designated by the Government, if necessary, to collect these neglected bones and bury them without commemorating monuments, but simply indicate that below sleep the misguided men who fell in battles for a cause over which we triumphed.

I shall detain you no longer, for you are about to listen to one of the most eloquent men in this country. My purpose was simply to comply with the kind invitation given to me to speak meek words of praise for the dead heroes sleeping around and of the solemnities of the occasion. I thank you for your attention and will now unveil the statue.

At the conclusion of the remarks a passage was cleared in front of the platform leading to the base of the monument, and assisted by Secretary of War Rawlins, the veil that shielded the front of the monument was dropped, and the first full view of all its beauties was met with enthusiastic applause from the throngs that were looking on.

At this interesting moment, mingled with the music of the band and the firing of a salute, President Wills announced that Hon. O. P. Morton, Senator from Indiana, would pronounce the Oration.

Senator Morton then addressed the audience. He recounted eloquently the battle of Gettysburg, saying it resulted in destroying the prestige of the rebel army, never to be recovered. By our victories at Gettysburg and Vicksburg, the rebellion lost its prestige in Europe and all hopes of foreign intervention. At the foot of this monument sleep heroes of battle. In far off homes, among the hills of New England, on the shores of the lakes, and in the valleys and plains of the west, the widow, the orphan and the aged parent are weeping for these beloved dead. Many of the tombs are marked "unknown," but they will all be recognized on the morning of the resurrection. Doubtless the recording angel has preserved the record, and when the books are open on the last day their names will be found in letters of living light on the immortal page of heroes who died that their country might live. He paid a grateful compliment to the courage of the rebel dead.

The rebellion was caused by the false belief that chivalry and glory were the inheritance only of slaveholders. But now rebellion, the offspring of slavery, hath murdered its unnatural parent, and and a perfect reign of liberty is at hand, The principles of liberty will be borne through all ages, and the prospect for liberty throughout the world was never so bright as to-day. He then reviewed the advance of liberty since 1776 in the old world.

Of Cuba he said she is making bold, vigorous, and as we trust, successful efforts to throw off the Spanish yoke and establish her independence. Though we cannot rightfully intervene between Spain and her colony, which she has so long oppressed and impoverished, our sympathies are with the Cubans, and we cannot regret any aid they may receive which does not involve a breach of the international duty of our Government.

After referring to the progressive strides liberty is making, even in England, he recounted the numerous difficulties encountered in putting down the rebellion; but contended that the justice of our cause enabled the final victory to be won.

He concluded as follows: We seek not to commemorate a triumph over our misguided countrymen. It is the cause we celebrate. Our triumph is their's, and their children's children unto the latest generation. The great disturbing element has been removed; vicious political heresies have been extinguished; the trial by wager of battle has been decided in favor of liberty and union, and all will submit. The people of the North and the South have met each other face to face on many a field, have tried each other's courage, have found that they are much alike in most things, have increased their mutual respect, and are now preparing to live together more fraternally than before. The Southern States are rapidly recovering from the prostration of war, and with their deliverance from the incubus of slavery, with free labor, with free schools, with emigration from the North and from Europe, will soon attain a prosperity and power of which they scarcely dreamed in former days. Their advancing prosperity is solid, just and enduring. We rejoice in it; all participate in it. The bonds of Union are made indissoluble by the community of political principles, by the complete identity of domestic and commercial interests and by a uniform system of labor, of education and of habits of thought and action. Henceforth disunion is impossible.

The choir then sang "How sleep the brave who sink to rest," with an addition of two stanzas composed by W. W. Carter, of Baltimore.

Then followed a poem written for the occasion by Bayard Taylor, but evidently not intended for general circulation, as the author refused to supply the Associated Press with a correct copy.

The choir then sang the hymn "Rest, Hero Rest," and Rev. Jno. Schumacher then pronounced the benediction.

The choir then sang the hymn "America," with which the ceremonies were concluded.

The number of persons present during the ceremonies is variously estimated at from six to ten thousand, who dispersed at the conclusion of the programme.

The town is slowly being cleared of visitors by the starting of regular and special trains.

### The Louisiana Contested Elections.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—The Congressional Committee of investigation into the conduct of the November elections in this city and State, consisting of Messrs. Stevenson, of Ohio, Burdett, of Michigan, and Kerr, of Indiana, will adjourn to-day, the last witness examined being Governor Warmoth. The Committee has been in session continuously for two months, sitting generally seven or eight hours daily. It has examined some five hundred witnesses from every quarter of the State, and embracing five contested election cases. The most important part of the testimony relates to disturbances in this city, and parishes of St. Launry, Bassier and St. Bernard. Much of it relates to the secret order known as "Knights of White Camelia." The testimony covers some ten thousand manuscript pages, equivalent to two thousand printed pages.

### Tennessee Politics—Rumored Challenge to Mortal Combat.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 1.—The report that Stokes challenged Senter yesterday at Clinton to mortal combat created considerable stir amongst the friends of the parties here. No details of the affair have been received and the Stokes men regard the report as an exaggeration or misrepresentation. The debates between the two men are arousing much ill-feeling, but no apprehension of bloodshed need be entertained.

—In the New York City Supreme Court, on Wednesday, an injunction was obtained at the suit of the Receiver of the Union Pacific Railroad, against various parties, to reach money supposed to be held by them for the Credit Mobilier.

# SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

**The Laying of the French Cable Interrupted—Banquet by the Lord Mayor of London—Speech by Premier Gladstone—Irish Church Bill Further Considered in the House of Lords—Fearful Nitro-Glycerine Accident in Wales—Meeting of Confederate Bondholders—Arrival of Spanish Prisoners at Fernando Po.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

### FRANCE.

PARIS, July 1.—A dispatch from Minon, the shore end of the French cable, states that a message received yesterday at nine o'clock in the morning, from the Great Eastern, stated that they were going to cut the cable and buoy it. Since that time the signals ceased. It is believed that fault has been found with it, and the Great Eastern has buoyed the cable to return and repair it. The only inconvenience will be the delay. The signals were perfect up to the above announcement.

LONDON, July 1.—The papers publish the following intelligence to-day: The following dispatches have been received from Capt. Sherard Osborn, who is at Minon, the shore end of the new French cable, near Brest:

*Brest*, June 30.—This forenoon at nine o'clock, Greenwich time, the Great Eastern telegraphed to us "we are going to cut the cable and buoy." This has evidently been done, for no signals have passed since. A careful watch is being kept for a renewal of signals. The first sign of something being wrong with the electrical condition of the cable occurred early this forenoon, but nothing of a definite character until the above message reached us. We had a very large message at 11,34, Greenwich time, last evening, from the Great Eastern, at which time signals were reported by Mr. May to be most perfect. I see no reason for the slightest alarm at what the Great Eastern is doing. It was evident from the resistance of the gutta percha reported last night that the slight fault of the 25th was improving. Mr. May agrees with me in thinking that they have buoyed the cable and returned to remove the fault. The delay is the only inconvenience.

The following has been received from Sir W. Thomas:

*Minon*, June 30.—I arrived here from Brest with Capt. Osborn at noon. A telegram from Mr. Gorch, dated at 9 o'clock this morning, Greenwich time, awaited him, saying that they intended to cut and buoy the cable. This has probably been done, as no signals have come since. Then we do not know the occasion. The tests here up to 6:30, Greenwich time, gave no cause for suspicion.

Mr. Burlingame will take the Chinese Embassy to Stockholm, where he will remain one month, on the way to St. Petersburg.

The third party in the Corps Legislatif propose to introduce a motion declaring the necessity which exists for satisfying public feeling by granting to the public a more intimate association in the direction of affairs. The validity of seventy electors has been confirmed by the Corps without discussion.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 1.—The Lord Mayor gave a banquet to Her Majesty's Ministers last night at the Mansion House. Mr. Gladstone spoke, in which he alluded to the Irish Church Bill. He said the Government had bestowed its best endeavors in the conduct of the measure, which formed a vital and essential portion of its work for the peace of a[illegible] and security of the Empire. Since the bill passed the Commons there had been great excitement, rumors of reaction and threatenings of its speedy downfall. During this excitement he and his colleagues remained in a state of great tranquility, for they felt that the review of their work was not a matter to arouse their jealousy, but rather calculated to create satisfaction. Although great care had been bestowed on the bill, no doubt it still had many faults. The Premier concluded as follows:

"We shall be grateful for every improvement and all changes shall be respectfully considered, subject to the position in which we stand, to the words spoken and pledges given, and to the commission we have received. We tendered the terms of the covenant when in opposition, and shall not forget them when in power."

A fearful disaster occurred at Carnaroon, Wales, to-day, during the cartage of some packages of nitro glycerine from the harbor to the quarries. The material exploded on the way, and the cart, horses and men attending them were blown to atoms. A railway station near the scene of the explosion was torn to pieces. A village about a quarter of a mile distant was much damaged by the shock, which caused much consternation among the inhabitants. Four men were killed by the explosion.

A telegreph cable has been successfully laid between Peterhead, Scotland, and the coast of Norway.

LONDON, July 1.—Another meeting of holders of Confederate bonds was held this evening. Admiral Warren, who presided, said he considered the position of the bondholders better even than if the late convention between England and America had been ratified, for their claims were now to be adjudicated upon. The deputy chairman read a report, detailing what had been done in prosecuting the claims and explaining the present aspect of the case. He said they were not fighting their own, but the battle of all those whose interests might be affected by changes of government, the principle involved being the inviolability of contracts made by *de facto* governments. The decision of Baron Hatholy, Lord Chancellor, was in their favor, and he believed a Court of Equity would adjudicate the amount of cotton claimed, which would make the bonds valuable. Resolutions protesting against Sumner's speech, and authorizing a petition to Parliament were read, but without action the meeting adjourned.

The mail steamer Mandingo arrived from the west coast of Africa. She reports the arrival of the Spanish steamer Borjo at Fernando Po with 250 political prisoners, who complained they were badly treated on the voyage, especially by the volunteers on guard over them. They also complained of the high price of provisions at the settlement. As soon as they landed the Island was placed under martial law and while the Mandingo was there communication with the shore, unless by special permission of the Governor, was prohibited.

LONDON, July 1.—In the House of Lords to-night the consideration of the Irish Church bill was resumed in Committee. Clauses eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen were agreed to without amendment, except as to the date when the property of the Church shall pass into the hands of the Commissioners, which was changed to January 1, 1872. It was promised, on the part of the Government, that an additional clause should be passed, providing that Irish Bishops may retain their seats in the House of Lords

The Bishop of Peterborough's amendment, that all compensation be paid without deduction therefrom of the income tax was adopted—95 to 50.

Clauses 15, 16, 17 and 18 were then agreed to and the consideration of clauses 19, 20, 21 and 22 postponed.

Lord Carnavaron's amendment, fixing the commutation of life interests at fourteen acres purchase, was adopted.

The visit of the Viceroy of Egypt has terminated. He left this morning for the Continent.

### SPAIN.

MADRID, July 1.—In the Cortes yesterday General Prim, in reply to Senor Orenz, said the government would never attempt a *coup d'etat*, but devote all their endeavors to the consolidation of liberty.

MADRID, July 1.—The Cortes to-day passed the revenue budget, and authorized the government to expend such sums of money as may be necessary for public service for the next three months. During the debate Admiral Topete said he was willing to allow private parties to carry on the work in the public arsenals, if any were willing to undertake it. Senar Zanilla declared that the political revolution was an accomplished fact, but the economical revolution remained to be achieved.

### MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 1.—The steamer Hecla, from New York, arrived yesterday.

MOVILLE, June 1.—The steamer Columbia, from New York, has arrived.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 1.—Consols at 92¾, account 92¾. Five-Twenty bonds, 80¾, do., at Frankfort 86¼@86⅜, Eries, 19½, Illinois, 95.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—The Cotton market is a shade firmer with sales of middling uplands at 12½d, Orleans at 12¾d, sales, 12,000 bales. California white wheat at 9s 11d; red western, 8s 9d. Western Flour at 23s. Corn; mixed at 29s for old, 27s for new. Oats at 3s 4d. Peas 37s 6d. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 71s 6d. Cheese 68s. Bacon 63s. Naval stores dull. Petroleum unchanged.

LONDON, July 1.—Tallow 44s 3d. Refined Petroleum is not any higher. Sugar 39s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp 49¾f. The Bank of England increase is £185,000. Cotton at Havre 148f.

HAVRE, July 1—Cotton closed easier but not quotably lower.

FRANKFORT, July 1.—Five-Thirties closed at 86⅜@86½.

PARIS, July 1.—Bourse steady. Rentes 70f 45c. Specie in the Bank of France decreased 18,400,000f during the week.

**The Late Storm in Kansas—The Freshet the Greatest Ever Known in the State.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Advices from Kansas in regard to the late storm and freshets in that State say, in the neighborhood of Junction City and west of there the flood is reported greater than any other since the settlement of the State. Bridges have been carried away, houses destroyed and many lives lost. The greatest disaster occurred at Chapman's Creek, thirteen miles west of Junction City, where several houses were washed away and thirteen persons known to be drowned, and it is supposed that a number of others had perished. The rise in the streams was so sudden and unexpected that before the residents in the valleys were aware of the danger their dwellings were surrounded with water and all chance of escape cut off. It was reported that numbers had escaped by climbing trees, and in that situation were awaiting the decline of the flood. At Manhattan fourteen dead bodies had been seen to pass floating down the Blue river. The railroad bridge at Chapman's creek is gone. Another at Eureka, four miles west of Manhattan, and the new railroad bridge just completed on the Southern branch road across the Smoky Hill, opposite Junction City, were swept away. At Topeka the pontoon bridge and the bridge of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Road were either severely damaged or in danger. In other sections of the country many of the streams are full. If the present weather continues the crops will suffer badly.

ELLSWORTH, July 1.—No mails or trains have arrived here from the East since Friday last. There has been great destruction by the freshet to the bridges and track of the Kansas Pacific Railroad from the Solomon river to Manhattan and it is reported thirty lives were lost.

**A Glass Dealer Indicted—Forging a Guaranty.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Arthur E. Glenny, of the firm of A. E. Glenny & Co., glass dealers, was indicted to day for forging the following guaranty: "We, Goshorn Bros., do hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators and asssigns to secure Beck, Phillips & Co. the fulfillment of all indebtedness of the said A. E. Glenny & Co. to Beck, Phillips & Co, to the amount of $10,000. In witness whereof we have hereunto placed our hands and seals this second day of September, 1867, (signed) Goshorn Bros." This guarantee was to a Pittsburgh firm, in consideration of permitting Glenny to sells its goods on commission and to receive percentage on orders procured by Glenny for said firm. In this way the business continued since 1867, till Beck, Phillips & Co. brought suit against Gleanny. Goshorn Bros. denied the guarantee on the witness stand. Accused was held in $3,000. Rail not given.

—New wheat is offered for sale in Western Georgia at $1,50 per bushel. Yield abundant.

## THE CAPITAL.

**Public Debt Statement—A Reduction of Over Sixteen Millions During June, and Thirty-six Millions Since March.**

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 1, 1869.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The following is a statement of the Public Debt up to date:

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|---|---|
| *Debt Bearing Coin Interest.* | |
| 5 per cent Bonds issued before March 3, 1864 | $ 27,022,000 |
| Bonds at 5 per cent., 10 40s issued under act of March 3, 1864 | 194,567,800 |
| Bonds of 1881, at 6 per cent | 283,677,500 |
| 5-20 bonds at 6 per cent | 1,602,663,800 |
| Amount outstanding | 2,107,930,600 |
| Interest | 45,373,930 |
| *Debt Bearing Interest in Lawful Money.* | |
| Certificates 3 per cent., interest | $ 52,120,000 |
| Navy Pension Fund, 3 per cent interest | 14,000,000 |
| Amount outstanding | 66,120,000 |
| Interest | 1,352,700 |
| *Debt Bearing no Interest.* | |
| Demand and Legal Tender Notes | $ 356,056,822 |
| Postal and Fractional Currency | 32,062,027 |
| Certificates of Gold deposited | 30,489,640 |
| Amount outstanding | 418,608,499 |
| *Debt on which Interest has ceased since Maturity.* | |
| Amount outstanding | 5,063,882 |
| Interest | 690,680 |
| *Total Debt.* | |
| Principal | 2,597,722,982 |
| Interest accrued | 48,569,493 |
| Less the amount of Interest paid in advance | 1,122,182 |
| Interest | 47,447,310 |
| Total Debt, principal and interest | 2,645,170,294 |
| *Amount in Treasury.* | |
| Coin belonging to the Government | 79,715,072 |
| Coin for which Certificates of Deposit are outstanding | 30,489,640 |
| Currency | 97,097,818 |
| Sinking Fund, in Bonds bearing Coin Interest and Accrued Interest thereon | 8,867,282 |
| Total | 156,157,812 |
| Amount of Public Debt less Cash and sinking Fund in Treasury | 2,489,002,486 |
| Amount less Cash and Sinking Fund in Treasury on the first ultimo | 2,505,412,613 |
| Decrease of the Public Debt during the month | 16,410,122 |
| Decrease since March 1, 1869 | 36,460,779 |

The large decrease is occasioned by the very heavy miscellaneous receipts and returns which have been made to the Department within the last twenty-four hours.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

The President attended the fifty-second annual commencement of the Georgetown College to-day.

To-day the mails on two thousand routes, directly under the charge of the Contract Bureau of the Postoffice Department, were started on the new term of service.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to receive proposals till noon on Saturday next for the sale to the government of not exceeding three millions of United States bonds, the same to be held by the Treasury Department subject to the future action of Congress.

Ex-President Johnson did not arrive at Georgetown College until the ceremonies were nearly over. A seat had been originally reserved for him next to Gen. Grant, but owing to the lateness of his coming it was occupied by a lady.

## NEW YORK CITY.

**The Last of the Filibusters Brought to Grief—Army of Potomac Re-union—Convicts Sentenced.**

[By Tiegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 1.

Revenue cutter Mahoning yesterday afternoon captured the last filibuster tug boat, the "Chase," with 75 men aboard, and also the schooners Fancy and Winona, freighted with rifles, field pieces, sabres and ammunition. The schooners were seized near Milford, Connecticut. All the vessels are now at Brooklyn navy yard.

Generals Sheridan and Meade, Secretary Rawlins and Gov. Hoffman, have accepted invitations to the reunion banquet of the Army of the Potomac. The President and Cabinet and Chief Justice Chase have been specially invited, and are expected to be present.

Gen. Sickles sailed to-day in the Union.

The *Round Table* has been purchased by Mr. Roosevelt, of the *Citizen*, and will be merged therein.

The Havana steamer to-day took $139,000 in coin.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day, George B. Davis, convicted of forgery, in having sworn charges against Collector Bailey, was sentenced to five years imprisonment in Kings county penitentiary, and his confederate, Jno. McHenry, to five years in Albany penitentiary, and a fine of two thousand dollars.

1 Orders have been received at the Boston Navy Yard to forthwith dispatch the steamers Wabash, Ticonderoga, Alaska, Manitou and iron-clad Agamenticus.

The Union Republican General Committee to-night adopted resolutions censuring Marshal Barlow and demanding his removal, on the ground that he had not appointed Republicans to office in his gift.

—Mrs. Hattie Winchester, a young married woman, in Chicago, Wednesday night, while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity, by some means set fire to her clothes and was so badly burned that she died yesterday morning. While her clothing was burning she made no outcry or alarm, but simply wandered about her room. A neighbor passing saw the smoke issuing from a window and told her husband, who went up and found her seated on a lounge with her clothes all burnt off, exeept about the waist. She was engaged in the strange employment of picking off the burned skin from her limbs. Herself and husband came to Chicago on the 1st of May, from Oswego, New York.

—The President of the Irish Republican Association of Pennsylvania, in a card just issued, states that efforts are being made to pack the Irish Republican Convention that takes place in Chicago, on the Fourth of July, with Irish Democrats from this State. He states that no delegate from Pennsylvania will be admitted to the Convention without credentials made out and signed by the proper authorities; that the Convention will assemble, not in the interest of any clique or ring of Irish or American politicians, but to enunciate and give support to the principle of universal suffrage, protection to the American Union, and the social and political elevation of the Irish race on both hemispheres.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Travel westward over the Pacific Railroad is very heavy.

—For three weeks, at Cincinnati, there has been no day without some rain.

—Judge B. C. Tatten, a distinguished jurist of Arkansas, died a few days since,

—Hon. Wm. H. Seward arrived at Sacramento, Cal., on Wednesday, and was received with a salute of fifty guns. Men of both parties united in honoring him.

—Col. Ryan, with two hundred men of the Cuban expedition, was not captured by the authorities at New York on Wednesday, they being on shore when the gunboats captured the steamship.

—The Philadelphia *Press* says: "Raspberries, which last year brought thirty and forty cents a quart, are already in the market for ten cents; and the peach harvest promises an abundance unknown for a long time."

—Among the passengers by the steamship Queen, from Europe, were Dr. O. P. Allen, wife and three children, and Messrs. Richter and Reynolds, missionaries at Harpoot, Turkey. Dr. Allen and his wife have been absent fourteen years.

—At the sixteenth annual commencement of the Polytechnic College of the State of Pennsyivania, at Philadelphia, Wednesday evening, addresses were delivered by Isaac Hazelhurst, Esq., Judge Allison and Prof. R. S. Smith, of the College Faculty.

—The California Democratic Convention passed resolutions opposing the adoption of the Fifteenth Amendment, approving the rejection of the Alabama treaty, and endorsing the State administration. A committee was appointed to prepare an address on Chinese labor in California.

—At Boston, yesterday, the hotels and bar-rooms generally closed their bars in obedience to Chief Constable Johns' notification that the prohibitory law would be enforced. There was considerable excitement among thirsty crowds and an active demand for private entrances where fluids could be obtained.

—Two thousand head of Texas cattle arrived at Ellsworth, Kansas, on Wednesday. The drivers report fifty thousand head now north of the Arkansas river *en route* to that point for sale and shipment. It is estimated seventy thousand head will go there this season. The stock yard at that point is completed.

—A duel was fought at Cold Springs, Md., on the York road, on Wednesday, between two young men of Baltimore, formerly officers in the Confederate army. The difficulty arose in a disagreement as to the behavior of certain Confederate troops during the war. Two shots were exchanged, but nobody hurt.

—Mr. Roebling, the celebrated engineer, a few days since, met with an accident at the Fulton Ferry, New York, by which one of his feet was crushed. It was found necessary to amputate four of his toes, and he will be lamed for life. Mr. R. is a native of Butler county, Pa., and well known in this vicinity, having superintended the construction of the St. Clair street bridge, and other works of magnitude in our midst.

## THE SOUTH SIDE CITY.

**Consolidation of the South Side Boroughs—Meeting of the Committee—Sub-Committees Appointed.**

The Committee appointed pursuant to a resolution adopted by the consolidation meeting held in the Town Hall, Birmingham, some weeks since, instructing the Chairman to appoint a committee of four from each of the boroughs to be included in the consolidated municipality, and three from Lower St. Clair township, met last evening and organized by calling Burgess Salisbury to the chair.

The Chairman stated the purpose for which the meeting had been appointed, and said that inasmuch as this was the first meeting of the Committee, and nothing had as yet been done, it would be proper to appoint sub-committees to perform the duties of the Committee. In the meantime remarks from the representatives of the various districts would be in order.

Mr. Murray, of South Pittsburgh, said he had heard so little talk in his borough in regard to the proposed consolidation, that he was unable to speak knowingly as to the views of a majority of the citizens. The borough had given a majority in favor of consolidation with Pittsburgh, and he thought if the question of indebtedness could be satisfactorily arranged, the people of South Pittsburgh would not object to consolidation.

The gentlemen representing Ormsby said that borough was in favor of consolidation.

Mr. Nusser said the lower portion of Lower St. Clair was in favor of consolidation. Messrs. Forester and Goldbach said their end of the township was not prepared to come in.

Mr. Campbell said East Birmingham was decidedly in favor of consolidation.

There was some further informal discussion, generally in favor of consolidation.

The Chairman suggested the appointment of sub-committees on boundary, adjustment of indebtedness, and a name for the new city.

Mr. Kreehan moved that the Chair appoint a Committee on Boundary, to consist of five persons; carried. A. G. Kreehan, John Murray, James Atkinson, George Goldbaugh, David Chess, constitute said Committee.

Mr. Kreehan moved that a Committee of five be appointed to consider and report on the matter of indebtedness, and adjustment thereof, of the various boroughs; carried. A. Ammon, D. O. Cunningham, Miles Humphreys, John Nusser, and William Smolze were appointed.

Mr. Campbell moved that the Chair appoint a Committee to select a name for the city.

Mr. Ammon moved to amend as follows: That the Committee be authorized to prepare a charter. The amendment and original motion were both affirmatively decided. Dr. J. H. Roberts, Terrence Campbell, Charles Forester, Geo. Duncan and John Lutz were appointed. W. C. Aughenbaugh, Esq., was appointed to assist in preparing a charter.

Mr. Kreehan moved that when this Committee adjourn, it adjourn to meet on Thursday evening, July 15th. Carried.

The various sub-committees arranged to meet at the call of their chairman.

On motion of Mr. Nusser the Committee adjourned.

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### A BROKEN TIE.

Low down the hill the sunbeams slide,
Or the broad river sinks the sun,
Flushing with rose the languid tide,
And day is done.

Turn to me that beloved face,
Close, close to my unquiet heart,
One moment rest in my embrace)
For we must part.

Whirled rudely from their parent trees,
The last sere leaves come hurrying down,
And on the wayward autumn breeze
Are round us blown.

Slow fall the heavy dews, like tears
Drawn from proud eyes unused to weep,
And o'er the yellowing inland meres
Dim shadows creep.

The silence deepens. Closer still
Fold her fond arms! We sever soon.
See, o'er the brow of yonder hill
Slow sails the moon.

One long, last gaze—one long last kiss—
Oh, vacant life! oh, lonely heart!
Death holds no anguish, life no bliss,
For we must part.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

RUMOR says the *State Guard* will start up again this week.

THE M. E. Church of Warren voted 41 for lay representation and 18 against.

THE Littlestown *Press* has changed hands and is now managed by J. H. Christ.

FROM Chester county we hear that the hay crop is very light and the corn very backward.

MONTROSE COUNTY is raising funds with which to procure a soldiers' monument. We understand the citizens of that county have wisely decided upon a location for it before raising the money.

ON Wednesday last Mr. Geo. Earhart, of Hempfield township, while assisting his two sons-in-law to load a saw-log, was accidentally run over by the log and instantly killed. He was upwards of 65 years of age.—*Greensburg Herald.*

THE Clearfield *Journal* says: Copious rains have fallen, in this region, within the past week; and no doubt the growing grain and grass crops have sustained some damage in consequence. We understand that the corn fields, especially, have been much washed. A good average crop, however, is still anticipated.

IN York county the other day, a horse, hitched to a mowing machine, took fright and undertook to run away, but the machine proved too much for him and mowed off both his hind legs directly below the knees. Of course, the mutilated fragment of the poor animal had to be shot.

ON Tuesday morning about nine o'clock a sad accident occurred at Thomas & Peacock's furnace in this city. While repairing the cupola the scaffolding gave way, precipitating to the ground three men at work upon it. One of them, a German, named Joseph Slairs, had his neck broken and died immediately. The others were badly but not fatally hurt.—*Lancaster Examiner.*

ON the 14th inst., Mr. Henry Stacks, of York county, while Shingeling a house in Dallastown, fell from the roof to the ground, a distance of about twenty feet, and was instantly killed. He fell directly on his head, broke his neck, his nose, his jaw bone in two places, and his shoulder blade. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his sad and untimely death.—*Gazttte.*

MR. MARCUS BEHM, of Reading, brought to to the Eagle office on Saturday, a *white robin*, which was caught by Mr. Schildt, in Alsac township, east of Mount Penn, and not more than a mile from the city line. It is perfectly white, with red eyes, and is a beautiful bird. It was taken from a nest containing many other young robins, all of which, with the old birds, were of the usual color. The little captive is quite young, but it is able to fly a short distance.

ON Saturday last, Mr. Wm. Lytle, of Conemaugh township, Indiana county, was riding along on horseback, near Porter's salt works, near the West. Pa. Railroad, and while the 11 a. m. freight train east, with 34 cars and two engines, was passing, his horse took fright and ran off, Mr. Lytle losing his balance, but still remained on the horse, which was running at full speed, when his head struck the abutment of the Porter Canal bridge, causing almost instant death. He was about 68 years of age.

THE Lancaster *Examiner* says: Miss Annie Keller, daughter of Mrs. Daniel Keller, of Ephrata township, met with a sad accident on Tuesday, 22d inst., which terminated fatally on Friday. In the afternoon of Tuesday she was picking cherries from the top of a tree, when the limb upon which she was sitting gave way, and she fell to the ground, a distance of about thirty feet. She struck upon her head and left side of the face, and was taken up insensible. She lingered until Friday, when she died of congestion of the brain.

THE body of Ben Slater, a man who was lost in the woods in Forkston, in this county, last spring, was found by John Boughton a few days since, in a deep forest, where he probably died from starvation and exposure. The deceased was an idiotic or feeble minded man, who, several months since, become violent, broke away from his keepers, and ran into the woods. A storm coming on shortly after, all traces of his course were lost. His fate has been a matter of conjecture, until Mr. Boughton, on going to pile of shingle bolts or blocks, cut by him in the early part of the winter, found the body lying near by.—*Wyoming Democrat.*

### Mount Union and College—Canton and Manufactories—Washington—Female Seminary—Union School—Town Hall—Railroad—Harvest, &c.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, PA., June 28, 1869.

Your correspondent spent last week and the week before in Ohio. Some observations made while there may not be altogether without interest to your readers. At Mt. Union, Stark county, we attended the commencement of the College located there. Nineteen—four of them young ladies—graduated. Their orations were excellent. The two Literary Societies gave a conjoint entertainment. Not less than one thousand persons were present. Proceeds, five hundred dollars.

This College is doing a noble work. Three hundred students were in attendance during the past year. The college building is new, large, well finished and furnished. The faculty are faithful and efficient.

Mount Union and Alliance are a mile and a half apart—used to be—but they are meeting, and will together shortly be a city. The latter place now has a population of six thousand. It is a marvellous growth—all the result of a few years.

Canton was visited. There is progress too—very rapid indeed. Houses are going up as by magic. Some very fine ones. Mr. C. Aultman, who is at the head of the establishment in which are manufactured the "Buckeye" mowing and reaping machines, is building a family residence at a cost of one hundred thousand dollars.

The establishment just named, and that of E. Ball & Co., where the "World" machine is manufactured, employ seven hundred hands, to whom $50,000 are paid monthly. Canton is destined to be a large and wealthy city.

Now an item or two of home news. Our Female Seminary had its closing exercises on last Thursday. It was an occasion of more than usual interest. The young ladies who graduated acquitted themselves nobly. Their performances were of a high order,—elicited much applause,—and the music was excellent. In the evening Mrs. Hanna, the worthy Principal, gave a brilliant entertainment to a very large number of invited guests. It was a very enjoyable affair, indeed. We are proud of our Seminary. Long may it live!

Our Union School closed on Friday. Examinations, literary performances and music made up the programme. It afforded the large audience a rich treat. We are vain enough to think that our Union School is a very superior one. It is admirably conducted, having a Principal and a corps of teachers, who are not easily excelled.

The foundation for the new Town Hall is being excavated. The edifice will be a fine one.

The engineers on the Chartiers Railroad are approaching town. We take courage. Our desires are to be realized at last—we will have a railway to your city. Thanks to all who have aided the project. The GAZETTE comes in for a goodly share.

The excitement on the College question is subsiding. The second sober thought prevails.

The Board of Trustees has decided to open the consolidated college, in this place, in the month of September.

Harvest has begun in this neighborhood, and a glorious one it is.

AMICUS.

## WEST VIRGINIA.

A LODGE of colored Good Templars has boon opened at Morgantown.

THE wheat harvest has begun in the southwestern part of the State along the Ohio. The Mason county *Journal* reports weevil and rust.

MORGANTOWN is beginning to be a summer resort, and quite a number of people are already there for this season, enjoying the mountain air and scenery.

CAPT. A. C. LEACH left his home in Brandonville, Preston county, some three weeks since to go east to purchase goods. He reached Philadelphia, and after attending to some business, he disappeared in a mysterious manner. He had some three thousand dollars in money at the time, and it is supposed that he was foully dealt with.—*Kingwood Journal.*

ON Sunday last, in the Kanawha Salines, a man by the name of Coleman, was engaged in placing caps on his revolver and carelessly snapping them, thinking that the pistol was not loaded, accidentally shot a young man by the name of Asher. The ball passed entirely through his body, inflicting, physicians say, a fatal wound. Though the young man is still alive, it is thought that he cannot recover.—West Virginia *Journal.*

### The Working People.

The drivers on the Eighth avenue railroad, New York city, have petitioned for an increase of wages, from $2 25 to $2 50 a day. The conductors, who are paid $2 a day, and work one hour less, have made no appliaetion for an increase. The Directors of the road have made no reply to the request, and a strike is anticipated. The German barbers, of New York, are organizing to obtain a reduction of their hours of work, being paid $2 for fifteen hours' labor on ordinary days, and eighteen hours on Saturday. They think that twelve hours a day is sufficient, with no work on Sunday. The German framers, of New York, are still on a strike, about nine hundred men being without work. The advance demanded is 50 cents a day. The female cap makers, of New York, are still on strike for an advance of 25 per cent. The plasterers of New York, it is reported, are the only mechanics working eight hours a day, all the other trades having gone back to the ten hour system. The Collar Ironers' Union, of Troy, New York, now on strike, are endeavoring to raise funds to start a co-operative establishment, with a capital of $5,000, in $5 shares.

### Washington Items.

Secretary Robeson has intimated that Borie's recent order changing the names of vessels will be rescinded.

During June one million of the three per cent. certificates, which Congress allowed the National banks to use in lieu of a legal-tender reserve, have matured and been redeemed.

The President has positively declined to interfere in the case of the sentence of Weaver, who was tried by a Military Commission for murder in Texas, and sentenced to be hung. The point in this case is that it is the first where a sentence of death resulted from the enforcement in that section of the reconstruction laws providing for the trial by a Military Commission of citizens of the unreconstructed States.

PERSONAL.—We learn that the Hon. E. A. Rollins, late Commissioner of Internal Revenue, is now acting as President of the National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America, at the Company's Branch Office, in Philadelphia, during the temporary absence in Europe, of the President, C. H. Clark, Esq. Mr. Rollins has been an active member of the Board of Directors of this Company since its organization, and in giving to its interest the benefit of his personal co-operation, and the advantages of his enlarged experience and extensive acquaintance, we confidently look for a renewed impetus to be given to the already unprecedented progress of this great National Institution.

A MR. HYNCK, in Holland, Wisconsin found two dogs belaboring some of his, sheep which had taken refuge on an uprooted tree. Unnoticed by the dogs, who were intensely barking at the sheep, he crept up suddenly seized both by the hind legs, one in each hand, and, bringing them with a sweep over his shoulders, dashed their brains out against the tree.

## CLIPPINGS.

SOME men were loading baled hay upon a Lake Superior propeller, at Detroit, a few days ago, when they were startled by a terrible hissing which came from a bale partially burst open, and a badly pressed black snake, four feet long, wriggled out.

A MONSTROUS pike was recently caught at Waterloo, Iowa. A razor was found in his internal department. The *Reporter* seems to lean toward the belief that this is the identical fish that swallowed Jonah, and that he forgot to take his razor with him when he left.

A NEW HAVEN colored man was trundling a wheel-barrow upon the sidewalk the other day, when a policeman ordered him into the street, on penalty of the law, whereupon the colored man shouldered his vehicle, and so kept within the curbstones of the law and of the sidewalk, remarking, "Guess dat's all hunkeys, ain't it?"

A WEEK or two ago a young lady of Iowa, while on the way to her wedding, was offered five dollars by another young man if she would marry him, and consented. The disappointed lover was not to be wholly cheated out of his matrimony, and therefore proposed, was accepted by, and married the sister of the jilter on the same day,

G. R. STRINGER, a Kentuckian, visited Evansville, on Monday, wearing a vest, the fronts of which were composed entirely of rattlesnake skins. The skins of ten rattlesnakes were used in the make-up, and these were part of a lot of one hundred and six killed in one day in November, 1867, in Hopkins county, Kentucky, by Andy Galbraith.

THE French *Journal Official* records the successful voyage round the world of the French iron-clad corvette Belliqueuse, bearing the flag of Rear Admiral Jenhoat. "Having left Toulon on the 22d of December, 1866," says the *Journal*, "that vessel returns to France after a cruise of twenty-nine months. The first iron-clad vessel that ever accomplished the voyage."

MARRIAGE OF WIDOWS.—The frequent marriage of widows seems to have been always more or less discouraged, men being allowed in this respect much greater liberty; but St. Jerome mentioned a widow who married her twenty-second husband, he in his turn having been married to twenty successive wives. The championship appears, however, to belong to a Haarlem woman spoken of by Evelyn in his Diary, whose propensity for remarrying had to be checked by law: "She had been married to her twenty-fifth husband, and being now a widow, *was prohibited to marry in future.*"

UNROMANTIC TERMINATION OF A FORGER'S CAREER.—Henry Roessle, a dashing Albanian, whose recent exploits in Albany, and through the Northwest and Canada, on which occasion he forged his father's name on several checks, and, with a brazen female on his arm, whom he introduced as his wife, traveled about perpetrating crimes sufficient to send an ordinary person to prison for at least twenty years, has at length fallen to his proper level. After visiting Panama and Aspinwall and practising the cheat game on the boarding houses, he finally played out entirely, and was unable to continue in his bold career. To ease his mind, and save himself from incarceration in prison, he finally shipped as coal heaver on board the steam vessel *Yantic*, lying at Aspinwall, and left port for the West Indies, Japan, China, or some other foreign clime.

IN an article upon the true Republican policy for West Virginia, the Wheeling *Intelligencer* expresses, in the paragraphs annexed hereto, sentiments worthy of consideration by the people of other States. Thus:

We can afford almost anything better than a resort to mere tricks. A party that has the courage to deal frankly and fairly with its friends, and justly and magnanimously with its foes, has little to fear from either. The people of the State will not discard a party which shows that it aims at none but public ends. If the basis of our party is too narrow, let us widen it till it is broad enough to take in all the people of the State. The grand idea whereon as Republicans we profess to stand is that of lifting all men up to a common level and giving each a fair and equal chance in the race of life. Are we not yet able to stand on our own platform? Rather can we afford to stand on any other, now that the time is clearly past when the repression of any class is demanded by public consideration.

The true course for the leaders of our party, as we humbly conceive, does not lie through the tortuous way of party device. They will not succeed by halfway or equivocal measures. The bold policy, which rises above the ruts of party mediocrity, is the one that will win. It requires some faith in principle and some confidence in human nature, and yet not more than ought to be possessed by any man who assumes to be a director of public opinion or a political guide. It is true here as everywhere that courage and decision win, while irresolution and timidity fail.

Tender-handed stroke the nettle,
And it stings you for your pains;
Grasp it like a man of mettle,
And it soft as silk remains.

IN the Edinburgh *Review* for April, 1839, will be found (in substance) the following remarkable and prophetic opinion of Earl St. Vincent, the celebrated English Admiral, respecting the policy of the British Government in relation to Canada. It is seldom that political sagacity of this character is displayed by British statesmen. When Lord Shelburne's peace (1783) was signed, and before the terms were made public, he sent for the Admiral, and showing them to him, asked his opinion. "I like them very well," said he, "but there is a great omission." "In what?" inquired his Lordship. "In leaving Canada as a British province," was the answer. "How could we possibly give it up?" asked Lord Shelburne. "How can you hope to keep it?" responded the veteran. "With an English Republic just established in sight of Canada, and with a population of a handful of English settled among a body of hereditary Frenchmen. It is impossible, and rely on it you only retain a running sore, the source of endless disquiet and expense." "Would the country bear it? Have you forgotten Wolfe and Quebec?" asked his Lordship. "No; it is because I remember both. I served with Wolfe at Quebec, and, having lived so long, I have had full time for reflection on this matter; and my clear opinion is *that if this fair occasion for giving up Canada is neglected, nothing but difficulty in either keeping or resigning it will ever after be known.*"—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*


GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

CARPETS.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

OFFICES, COUNTING ROOMS,
STORES AND BANKS
Fitted up on short notice and in the best manner with
CARPETS.
Cocoa Mattings, of all grades.
Well seasoned Sheet Oil Cloths.
French Manilla Matting.
Tanned Ratan Matting.
Buff, Green Blue, Drab and White
HOLLAND SHADES.
LETTERED OR PLAIN SHADES,
Of every size or color.
Inside and Outside Door Plates, &c.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
je23 (Second Floor).

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
*Silk Fans,*
*Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,*
*New Japanese Fans.*
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
*New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,*
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
*No. 27 Fifth Avenue,*
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
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WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
*191 Liberty Street,*
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING

FLOUR.
PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR,
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
*87 Market Street.*
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
*Very Cheap.*
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.
SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET,
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)
JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n83

MERCHANT TAILORS.
B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

ICE.
ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:j10

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,
256 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

## PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY July 1, 1869.

The oil market was very quiet to-day, the volume of business having been comparatively light, while in regard to prices there is but little change. The intelligence from Philadulphia is rather conflicting and unsatisfactory, and as yet, it is difficult to conjecture intelligently as to how matters passed off. Most of the deliveries, it is said, were made late in the evening while others, and some of them the highest priced contracts, if reports are true, were not delivered at all.

CRUDE.

The Crude market is without essential change, and dev id of any new or important characteristics worthy of special notice. We can report sales of 2,000 bbls to be deliqered on this water (40@45) at 14½; two lots of 1,000 each spot at 14½; 1,000 seller July at 14½; and 1,000 seller August at 15.

REFINED

But a single sale reported, 500 each July to September at 33—last evening, there was a sale of 2,500 bbls on spot at 31¼. The market, as already intimated, was exceedingly quiet, to-day, and as will be seen, there was next to nothing done, while compared with yesterday, prices are without important change.

LUBRICATING OILS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil | 40c |
| Eclipse Railroad Axle | 35c |
| Eclipse Machinery | 75c |
| Eclipse Spindle | 80c |

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fisher & Bro | 1360 | " |
| Owston & Sowers | 1140 | bbls |
| J. Wilkins | 320 | " |
| R. T. Leech | 1890 | " |
| Total | 4,710 | bbls. |

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

H. Koehler & Co., 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works 200 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 708 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 354 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 1,662

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 484 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison oil refinery & S. C. 248 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bro. Phil'a.

Duncan & Williams, 86 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bro Philadelphia.

Brooks Balleutine & Co., 40 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co,. Philadelhhia.

J. L. Moorhan 14 bbls lubricating oil to Wallace, Cavitt & Co., Philadelphia.

D. Bly, 50 bbls tar, T. E. Hubly & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 374

### Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton; sales of 2,900 bales at 34½c for middling uplands· Flour—receipts, 12,425 bbls; 5@10 lower on shipping grades, with sales of 7,400 bbls at $4,80@5,30 for superfine State and western, $6,05@6,55 for extra State, $5,65 @6.60 for extra western, $6,65@7,15 for white wheat extra, $6,15@7,00 for R. H. O., $6,75@7,50 for extra St. Louis, and $8@11 for good to choice do.; closing quiet. Rye Flour steady at $6,25. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky steady; sales of 150 bbls western at 98½c free. Wheat—receipts, 208 347 bus; better, with a fair export and speculative demand; sales of 137,000 bus at $1,43@1,45 for No. 2 spring, $1,50 for No, 1 do., $1,37 for No. 3 do., $1,50 for amber State, $1,43 for inferior winter red Illinois, $1,60 amber Michigan, $1,73@1,73½ for choice white California. Corn a shade firmer; sales of 545,000 bus at 63@86c for western mixed, via canal, and 84@87c for do. via railroad; receipts, 108,209 bus. Rye quiet and firm. Oats 1c better; sales of 96,000 bus at 74½@75c for western in store, 76@77c for do. afloat; receipts, 59,978 bus. Rye dull. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet. Molasses dull. Hops quiet. Petroleum dull at 16¼c for crude, 32@32¼c for refined. Linseed Oil dull and heavy at $1,00@1,03. Pork dull and lower with sales of 850 bbls at $30@32,25 for new mess, closing at $32 cash, $31,75 for old do., $26@27 for prime, $28,25@29 for prime mess; the stock on hand of old and new 44,431 bbls, same date last month 50,772 bbls, last year 75,469 bbls. Beef steady; sales 300 barrels at $8@16 for new plain mess, $12@18 for new extra mess; stock old and new, 28,839 packages; last month, 3,959; last year, 2,055. Tierce Beef nominal. Beef Hams quiet; sales of of 150 barrels at $20@31,50. Cut Meats quiet; sales of 125 packages at 13¾@14¼ for shoulders, 16¼@18¼ for hams. Middles firm; sales of 25 boxes of ice cured, part Stratford, at 16¾. Lard a shade easier; sales of 475 tierces at 16¼@19¾ for steam, 19¾@20 for kettle rendered. Butter dull at 26@32 for Ohio. Cheese dull and heavy at 14@16½. Spirits of Turpentine quiet at 41½@42. Freights to Liverpool firmer; shipments of 60,000 bushels of wheat at 7½d. per sail, 8¼d. per steam, and 1,000 barrels of flour at 10¼d per sail, 2s. 6d. per steam.

*Latest.*—Flour closed 5c better on low grades, and extra western and State. Wheat moderately active and 1c better at $1,45 for No. 2, and $1,50@1,51 for No. 1 spring. Rye quiet and steady at $1,27 for western. Oats firm at 77c afloat for western. Corn quiet at 85@86c for sound canal and railroad mixed western. Pork heavy at $31,87 for mess regular; sales 250 bbls mess buyers' option all this month at $32,50. Beef unchanged. Cut Meats quiet and steady. Bacon in moderate demand. Lard dull at 19½@19¾c for good to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton nominal at 33c. Hemp very dull; common undressed $1. Flour—super X and XX scarce and 15@25c higher; other brands unchanged; super sold at $4,75@5,25; fall X and spring XX $5,30@5,80; fall XX $6,00@6,50; XXX $6,75@7,50. Wheat firm, but not much doing; No. 2 spring sold at $1,17@1,18; No. 1 at $1,20@1,22; prime to strictly prime red fall $1,20@1,30; choice new red $1,40@1,45; prime to fancy old white $1,47½@1,65. Corn opened firm, and holders asked such an advance as checked business, and prices became unsettled and closed easier; mixed in bulk sold at 67c; choice white fall in elevator 89c; choice to fancy yellow in sacks 88@90c; fair to prime white 90@96c; choice held at 98@$1. Oats heavy and unsettled; black and mixed sold at 68c; choice white 69@70c. Rye steady at $1. Whisky unchanged at 93c. Groceries steady and quiet. Fair to choice Louisiana Sugar 12@14c. Common to strictly choice Rio Coffee 19@20c. Plantation Molasses 60@75c. Provisions quiet and business small. Pork sold at $33@33,50, latter for heavy. Bacon—shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18@18¼c. Lard nominal at 19c. Receipts—flour 1,300 bbls, wheat 4,000 bu, corn 9,200 bu, oats 8,300 bu, rye 300 bu, hogs 100 head.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Eastern Exchange active, at par buying and par@1-10 premium selling. Flour firmer, at $5,25@6,25 for spring extras. Wheat firmer; No. 1 advanced 3@4c, with sales at $1,27 @1,28; No. 2 advanced 4½@4¾c, with sales at $1,24@1,25, closing at $1,24½@1,24¾; this afternoon the market was quiet at $1,24@1,24¼, seller for July. Corn more active, firmer and 1¼@1½c higher; sales of No. 1 at 68⅛@69½c; No. 2 at 69@70c; rejected at 61@61½c, and no grade at 49@55c, closing at 69⅛@69¾c for No. 2; this afternoon sales of No. 2 were made at 69@69½c, seller for July. Oats very dull and ¼@½c lower; sales of No. 2 at 63@63½c, closing dull. Rye dull, heavy and 4@5c lower; sales at $1@1,01 for No. 1. Barley nominal; sales of sample lots at $1,14 delivered. High-wines firmer; buyers and sellers 2@3c apart with sales at 93½c. New Orleans molasses 95c@$1,00. Sugar 13¾@14¾c for fair to choice. Provisions dull; mess pork $33,00@33,10½. Lard 19c. Dry salted shoulders 12¼c. Freights quiet and unchanged. Receipts during the past twenty-four hours: 3,464 bbls flour, 67,697 bush wheat, 49,075 bush corn, 9,524 bush oats, 1,150 bush rye, 11,633 hogs. Shipments: 8,222 bbls flour, 86,296 bush wheat, 123,154 bush corn, 124,455 bush oats, 21,000 bush rye, 1,664 hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Flour closed dull and heavy but prices are not lower; superfine $4,75, extra $5@5,40, and family $5,65@6,00. Wheat active, and red wester is quoted at $1,18@1,20 for No. 2, and and $1,23@1,25 for No. 1. Ear Corn in request at 70c for mixed, and 72c for white. receipts light. Oats quiet at 66@68c for Nos. 2 and 1 mixed. Rye is held at $1,03@1,05 for No. 2, and $1,08@1,10 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Whisky closed with no buyers at over 92c, and some sales were made at this price. Cotton firm at 33c for middling. Mess pork $32,50, with few sellers. Bulk meats are held at 12¾c for shoulders, 15¾c for rib, 16¼c for clear rib, and 16½c for clear sides. Bacon quiet but firm at 14@14¼c for shoulders, 17¼@17¾c for clear rib, and 18c for clear sides. Lard not saleable at over 19c for kettle rendered and leaf.

CLEVELAND, July 1.—Flour: the market is dull and inactive, and the tendency of prices is downwrd. Wheat more active but unchanged; No. 1 red winter sold at $1,35, No, 2 do. at $1,22, No. 1 Ohio spring at $1,20. Corn quiet and nominally unchanged; No. 1 mixed held at 74@75, No. 2 do. at 70@71. Oats a shade firmer but quiet; light sales at 66 for No. 1 State. Rye; there is not much demand except in a small way and the market is nominal. Barley; there is, at present, no inquiry. Petroleum market dull and nominally unchanged; eastern buyers are offering for round lots 27½@28 for July and August, and dealers were asking ½c advance; crude held at $6,50.

TOLEDO, July 1.—Flour dull. Wheat a shade better and closed firm, with buyers of amber at $1,38½; No. 1 red $1,32; No. 2 red $1,26; No. 3 do $1,26; No. 1 white Wabash $1,70. Corn a shade better; No. 1 73½c; No. 2 70½@71. Oats held at 65c, with 64½c bid. Rye quiet, $1 bid for No. 1. Receipts—1,300 bbls flour, 6,800 bush wheat, 16,900 bush corn, 2,300 bush oats. Shipments—400 bbls flour, 3,100 bush wheat, 4,900 bush corn, 1,400 bush oats.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—Flour dull. Wheat drooping; sales of red at $1,37@1,75; amber at $1,55@1,75, and white at $1,65@1,75. Rye has advanced to $1,35. Corn dull, with sales of mixed western at 88c, and high mixed at 90c. Oats steady at 76c. In Provisions there was but a small business done. Petroleum is unsettled, with sales of crude at 22½c, and refined at 31c. Whiskey, 94@96c.

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat steady at $1,28 for No. 1, and $1,24¾c for No. 2. Oats firmer at 63c for No. 2. Corn entirely nominal. Rye dull and lower at $1,01. Barley entirely nominal. Grain freights dull at 5½c to Buffalo, and 9½c to Oswego. Receipts: 1,000 bbls flour, 59,000 bus wheat, 2,000 bus oats. Shipments: 2,000 bbls flour, 60,000 bus wheat.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 31½c; receipts, 12 bales; exports, 94 bales. Flour more active and prices unchanged. Wheat—new $1,35@1,50. Corn firm at 92½c. Oats dull at 76c. Hay dull at $25. Bran scarce at $22. Corn Meal $4,00@4,25. Pork $34,50. Lard 21@21½c. Bacon firm; shoulders 14¾c, sides 18@19c.

DETROIT, July 1.—Wheat; no important change; sales of extra white at $1,67, No. 1 do. $1,52, No. 2 do. $1,30, No. 1 amber $1,35. Corn at 77@80c. Oats dull at 67c.

### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 1.—6 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 6 bbls spirits, 4 do whisky, D Haworth; 100 green hides, Hammett & Son; 10 bbls whisky, Jos S Finch & Co; 100 hides, J Y McLaughlin; 2 bbls alcohol, G A Kelly; 5 do do, J Adler & Co; 300 bbls flour, owner; 100 hides, Hartley, McKee & Co; 3 cars staves, M P Adams & Bro; 3 bbls eggs, Keppahan & Geobler; 3 cars wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 142 bxs cheese, W W Wolcott; 6 do do, N J Braden; 6 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 26 do do, J E Canfield; 10 doz brooms, J A Renshaw; 25 bbls flour, L & J Blanchard; 31 boxs soap, W B Lupton; 10 do do, R E Sellers & Co; 262 bgs rags, Pitts Paper Co; 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 4 do do, J A Jacobs, 25 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 5 bbls oil, H M Henderson; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 21 pkgs leather, Flaccus & Son; 11 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 5 bbls eggs, E Heazleton.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 1.—11 cars ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 8 cars blooms, Nimick & Co; 1 car do, Park Bros & Co; 1 do lumber, G A Mundorf; 9 bbls copper, Pitts & Boston, M Co; 10 tcs hams, J Lippincott; 40 bbls lime, W W Wallace; 10 bxs cheese, 10 buckets butter, H Riddle; 1 car ore, Bryan & Caughey; 2 cars stone, J L L Knox; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 1 do brick, McKelvy & Bro; 72 bdls chairs, 10 do rockers, Bedford Chair Co; 40 bbls flour, Shomaker & L; 50 bbls flour, P Duff & Son; 3 bxs tobacco, J Megraw; 5 do do, J Sherer; 23 do do, E Megraw & Co; 82 bdls paper, Christy & Benham; 40 csks cider, Meaner & Harper; 12 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 3 sks rags, C P Markle & Co; 20 bgs oats, Head & M.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 1.—80 gails stoneware, Beckfield & Niehouse: 1 car lumber, John Nanz; 20 half bbls tobacco, J Kober; 16 bbls do, R & W Jenkinson: 10 do do, Renter & M; 8 do do, R & J Elton; 4 cars iron ore Spang, Chalfant & Co; 1 car cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 4 cars stone, Superior Iron Co: 4 doz brooms, Moon & Bro; 5 do do, G F Comley; 9 bbls whisky, J T Miller; 2 cars hoops, W McKee & Co; 3 bbls eggs, H Linz; 222 bgs oats R Knox & Son.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 1.—1 car metal, Brown & Co; 1 do do, H Woodsides; 10 bbls tar, Waring, King & Co; 50 do do, J Reamer; 24 sks oats, Bingham & Laing; 1 bbl eggs, Briggerman & O'Brien; 4 pails butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Head & M; 1 do do, 1 box butter, L J Blanchard; 1 car bark, W Flaccus & Son; 157 sks oats, Bricker & Co; 1,360 bbls crude oil, Fisher Bro; 320 do do, James Wilkins; 1,140 do do, B W Morgan & Co.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 1.—82 sks oats, Robb & H; 10 do wheat, Voigt Osborne & Co; 24 do oats, J L McCaffry; 40 sks feed, Schomaker & S; 40 do bones, Hoovler, K & Co; 1 car grain, Scott & Gisal; 29 half shoulders, W B Hays & Son; 3 pkgs tobacco, J M Sichel & Co; 4 do do, A Strant; 2 do do, J Grier & Co; 25 tcs hams, J H Parker; 1 can glycerine, E McGraw & Co; 2 bbls w oil, Consigner; 2 hhds tobacco, W & D Rinehart,

## RIVER NEWS.

The river is again receding at this point with scant eleven feet in the channel, by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather cloudy and cool—mercury at 5 P. M. 76.

The Argosy, for Cincinnati, and Wauanita, for St. Louis departed last evening with moderate trips.

We have no arrivals to report aside from the packets. The Kenton, from Portsmouth, had not arrived when we left the landing; she was expected in last evening and will depart again to-day.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, is up for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi, and will be the next boat out. She is in all respects one of the best boats in the trade.

The Jennie Brown departed for St. Louis on Wednesday night, in charge of her new commander, Capt. W. H. Price.

The Mary Davage arrived at St. Louis on Tuesday from Pittsburgh, and the Silver Bow reached there the same day from Fort Benton.

Capt. Dan and Frank Marratta were in the city yesterday.

Capt. John A. Williamson, of the Importer, is in the city, also the mate of same boat, Joel Bates. The Importer has but recently returned to St. Louis from Fort Benton, and is now laid up at the former place.

The Sallie, *en route* from Fort Benton to St. Louis, was at Sioux City on Wednesday.

We understand that all of the boat yards up the Monongahela River are crowded with business—one of them is reported as having been obliged to refuse additional contracts. From all that we can learn, there are more new boats now under contract here than there has been for several years.

We learn that quite a number of boat builders made a very narrow escape from being instantly killed at Brownsville. The rigging which supported the hull of Capt. W. H. Brown's new tow boat, gave way, while the men were at dinner, and fell to the ground, a distance of several feet. If it had occurred an hour before or an hour afterwards it is probable that from twenty to twenty-five men would have been crushed to pieces as there were about that number employed under the hull "planking," but very fortunately it happened when all were at dinner, and no one was injured. The accident is attributed to the recent rains having wet the ground to such an extent as to cause it to give way. The hull was not very badly injured.

The Kate Putnam, was to have left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

—The Armadillo arrived at Cincinnati on Tuesday from St. Louis. It was thought that she would reship her Cincinnati and Wheeling freight and load there for New Orleans.

—Capt. Dan. Moore has retired from the office of the Leonidas, and will be succeeded by A. C. McCallam, Jr., formerly of the Armenia.

—The Dubuque *Times*, of Sunday says: Freights are down again. The Northern Line gave notification, yesterday, that they will carry again for 18 cents. and flour for 36 cents to St. Louis. Heretofore the rate was 24 and 48 cents.

—We clip the following from the Mound City *Journal*: Capt. David Hiner returned from one of his periodical tours, the other day, with a "petite" steamboat, called the Revolution. She has a patent propeller wheel that is said to surpass anything in the way of a wheel ever before invented. The Captain is adding some improvements to his boat, after the completion of which he proposes putting her into the Cairo and Mound City trade. The Captain visited Nashville while gone, and, through a regular spiritual medium, enjoyed an interview with the spirit of General Jackson there. The old hero told Hiner that there must be a change in the management of our Government, or the country would go to the dogs.

—The Louisville *Courier* says: We understand that Capt. Joe McReynalds and Phil. R Garst, owners of the steamer Hartford, plying in the Green river trade, have, by their attorneys, J. W. Bickers; of Calhoun, and Azro Dyre, of Evansville, Indiana, filed a suit in the McLean Circuit Court against C. G. Smallhouse, Collector of Tolls, for having unjustly, and without authority, collected $4,302,05 tolls and lockages of them, and to test the constitutionality of an act of the Legislature entitled "An act to incorporate the Green and Barren River Navigation Company."

—Fort Benton advices of Sunday say: The Andrew Ackley is up from Dauphin Rapids, with part of the freight of the steamer St. Johns, which was unable to reach Fort Benton. River low. All the freight expected came through by lightening the boats at at the Rapids.

## RIVER PACKETS.

### UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE. Will leave for the above ports SATURDAY, the 3d inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer WAUANITA.....Capt. C. A. DRAVO, Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, the 30th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. 1e22

### PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS. FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

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$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to TWO DOLLARS abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

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We are now sole agents for E. P. Smith's well known wood pump. The trade will be supplied by us at factory prices in lots to suit. A large and complete assortment always on hand. Families and all others in want of a good pump at a very low price, which we warrant, should see this. The best and cheapest pump in the market. W. W. KNOX, General Wholesale Agent, 137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. my15:j32-8W

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DITHRIDGE'S FIRE-PROOF Lamp CHIMNEYS. 10:e26

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE. MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA. MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS. Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors. For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-TTH S

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

A NEW ARTICLE.

GANTZ'S SICILY LEMON SUGAR for making lemonade; wants neither sugar or lemons. Put in one pound cans to make thirty tumblers lemonade. Just received and for sale by JNO. A. RENSHAW, je29 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

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WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

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MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement. for sale by J. B CANFIELD

## RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

| *Leave.* | | *Arrive.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago Ex | 2:08 a m | Chicago Ex | 1:58 a m |
| Erie & Ygn Ex | 7:28 a m | Chicago Ex | 4:03 p m |
| Cl. & Whg'g M'l | 6:13 a m | Wheeling Ex | 10:48 a m |
| Chicago Mail | 6:58 a m | St. Louis Ex | 7:08 p m |
| Chicago Ex | 9:43 a m | Chi'go Ex & Mail | 1:08 p m |
| Cl. & Whg'g Ex | 2:08 p m | Cleveland Ex | 8:53 p m |
| Chicago Ex | 2:23 p m | Erie & Yg'n Ex | 5:58 p m |
| W'e & Erie Ex | 4:38 p m | Cl. & Whg'g Ex | 8:53 p m |
| *Depart from Allegheny.* | | *Arrive in Allegheny.* | |
| Bea'r Falls Ac. | 8:58 a m | Leetsdale Ac.. | 6:5 am |
| Leetsdale | 10:03 a m | Bea'r Falls | 8:2 am |
| " | 11:58 a m | New Castle | 10:25 am |
| Rochester | 1:28 p m | Enon | 9:13 a m |
| Enon | 3:58 p m | Leetsdale | 1:08 p m |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 5:13 p m | Bea'r Falls | 2:43 p m |
| Bea'r Falls | 6:13 p m | Leetsdale | 4:33 p m |
| Leetsdale | 10:43 p m | " | 7:23 p m |
| Fair Oaks Sunday Church. | 1:13 p m | Fair Oaks Sunday Church. | 9:58 a m. |

☞ 2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily. ☞ 12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent. J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't. my18

CHANGE OF TIME. ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

| LEAVE PITTSBURGH. | | ARRIV. IN PITTSBURGH | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day Ex | 8:00 a m | Day Ex | 5:15 p m |
| Night Ex | 7:30 p m | Night Ex | 6:30 a m |
| Brady's B Ac | 3 05 p m | Bradys B Ac | 10:15 a m |
| Freeport Ac | 9:40 a m | 1st soda W'ks | 7:40 a m |
| 2d soda W'ks | 6:30 p m | Freeport Ac. | 6:15 p m |
| 1st Hulton | 6:45 a m | 1st Hulton | 9:50 a m |
| 2d Hulton | 12:00 | 2d Hulton | 2:00 p m |
| 3d Hulton | 11:00 p m | 3d Hulton | 1:05 p m |
| Arnold's Ac. | 5:00 p m | Arnold's Ac. | 7:40 p m |

Church train to and from Soda Works leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh, (Sundays,) at 2:50 A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't. THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't. ap30

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after April 25th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

| *Arrive.* | | *Depart.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mail Train | 1:25 am | *Day Express | 3:15 am |
| Fast Line | 1:45 am | Southern Ex | 4:30 am |
| Wall's No. 1 | 6 20 am | Wall

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1869.


## UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### *STATE TICKET.*

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

### *COUNTY TICKET.*

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Pennsylvania and West Virginia News and News Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Financial and Commercial, Produce and Petroleum Markets, Markets by Telegraph, Imports and River News. Seventh page: The Jesuits, Paris Riots, Miscellaneous News.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86¼@86⅜.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49¾f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 136⅞@137.

THE card of Hon. R. W. MACKEY, Treasurer of the Commonwealth, in another column, will attract the public attention, which it merits.

GOVERNOR GEARY has issued an order for the execution, on Wednesday, the 11th of August, of Charles Orme, one of the Broadhead murderers, at Stroudsburg, Monroe county.

THE M. E. Church South includes thirty Conferences, nine Bishops, ninety-three regular preachers, and over four thousand local preachers, with 472,484 white and 54,172 colored members. The white membership has decreased 31,112, and the colored shows an increase of 22,087 during the past year.

GOSSIP among the New York journals its report that the *Times* is to abandon the reserve line upon which it has been long conducted, by its founder, the late Mr. RAYMOND, becoming hereafter "a fearless, advanced, Republican" paper. It is also rumored that Mr. J. R. YOUNG, late of the *Tribune*, takes the editorial charge of Wilkes' *Spirit of the Times*.

THE Philadelphia Democracy have renominated four of their members in the Legislature, viz: Messrs. JOSEPHS, DIELEY, ROGERS and MULLEN. The two last named have Democratic competitors, the Convention having split. Do we understand the Pittsburgh *Post* to claim that these renominees are exemplary illustrations of Legislative integrity?

IN New York, writers who claim to be authorities on the subject, predict that cholera will prevail during the present Summer. These prophecies are based upon certain meteorological conditions which invariably precede the approach of that disease. Fortunately, Gen. B. F. BUTLER, when in command at New Orleans, established the fact that the most malignant epidemics are amenable to sanitary treatment. Cleanliness is an almost absolute prevention.

FOR SOME cause, as yet unexplained, the new French Cable was cut from the Great Eastern in mid ocean yesterday, and the end buoyed. It is presumed that a "fault" was discovered in the communication through the portion already submerged, and that the party would either under-run it back again, or would grapple it up at the suspected point. The successful recovery of the first Atlantic Cable in mid-ocean justifies confidence in the same result now.

OUR Republican Administration, in its four months of office, has discharged thirty millions of the National debt, besides meeting all other current public engagements. The opposition press seem to overlook this interesting fact. The revenues for the fiscal year just closed show receipts exceeding by some sixteen millions the highest estimate of Commissioner WELLS, and about thirty-two millions more than Secretary MCCULLOCH anticipated The actual expenditures are found to be much reduced below the lowest figures estimated for. These reductions have been accomplished in every department of the naval, military and civil service. Thus the people learn that retrenchment and economy were not merely delusive Republican promises.

TENNESSEE politics are becoming decidedly interesting. The enfranchisement proposition gains strength every day, and the election of SENTER is henceforth regarded as a certainty. But now comes a rumor that his opponent, STOKES, meditates not only a surrender of the adveree position, but even a long step in advance of the SENTER wing, by advocating the immediate call of a State Convention for such an amendment of the Constitution as shall sweep away all the existing restrictions upon the suffrage. In view of all the pressure recently organized among his own friends to induce his withdrawal from the canvass, in deference to the irresistible current of popular sentiment in Tennessee, Gen. STOKES evidently finds a complete change of his doctrinal base to be his only resource. But nothing of this sort can now avert his inevitable defeat. Although Washington telegrams assert the declared sympathies of the Federal Administration as with STOKES, its recent appointments in Tennessee have been conferred upon supporters of Governor SENTER. This fact signifies more than columns of loose Bohemian rumor.

### TRIFLING WITH JUSTICE.

A Grand Jury, under the laws of this Commonwealth, is not only privileged but instructed to make inquest and presentment of all offences against the penal code which shall be within the personal knowledge of jurors or which shall be brought to its notice by sworn testimony through the proper legal channel.

The authority of a Grand Jury of the Quarter Sessions—to inquire into offences against those sections of the penal code (70 and 71 *Purdon*) which are directed against the improper use of public moneys by the financial officers of cities, counties or the State—is wholly clear to any intelligent citizen, whether he be of the profession or not.

The solemn duty of inquests into all offences against the laws is expressly committed to the Grand Jury,—a body of which no Judge of the Quarter Sessions, or of any other Court, can be a member.

Common rumor on the streets or in the public press, may properly enough animate members of the Grand Jury to inquest for legal proofs of an offense alleged to have been committed, and to present the same to the Court when sufficiently authenticated by such sworn testimony as the jury may hear, but no such rumor, in or out of print, is a legal basis for any public presentment whatever by the Jury in the line of their duty.

If common rumor has aught of truth in it, or aught of honest concern for the the public welfare, it would be the easiest matter in the world for those who have bruited it about, to follow the regular forms of the law, making information and specifying the persons available as witnesses thereupon, for the Grand Inquest to hear, and thereupon to return as true or to ignore the bill.

Palpably clear as are each and all of the points thus above stated, we were surprised to learn, yesterday, that an Allegheny Grand Jury, acting avowedly upon the flimsy basis of "common rumor and the public press" have ignored, not the slanderous accusations, but their own sworn duty in the premises. They hesitate to make the investigation, although their oaths require it; they palter about their authority although this is as clear as the English language can express it; they desire the illegal co-operation of a judge in the inquest which they have suggested but do not make; they have exalted "common rumor," the scandalous inventions of an idle malice into the dignity of evidence; they have reprehensibly disregarded all the formalities of law; and in spreading an irresponsible slander upon the records of the Court they have prostituted the arm of justice that they might damn individuals with criminal insinuations wholly unsupported by even a pretended shadow of proof.

This extraordinary conduct of the Grand Jury is to be explained upon one or the other of but two hypotheses; it is either the work of malice which expects to hide itself from all investigations under the secresy of the jury-room, or it proposes to forestall and smother a proper and legal inquest of the matters with which their "common rumor" has been busy. The result will show in due time, which of these hypotheses is the true one. In the meantime, there is nothing of a legal character, in this "common rumor" from the Grand Jury-room, to shield it from the merited criticisms of a people who are indignant that the formalities of justice should be thus trifled with by a sworn body of its servants.

—The Fifteenth Constitutional Amendment passed the Senate of Maine yesterday afternoon. It has also passed the House.

### THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

Yesterday the *Commercial* undertook to enlighten the public as to the present condition of the law relating to the observance of Sunday. It quoted at some length from opinions expressed by Chief Justice LOWRIE in 1859, in pronouncing the decision of the Court in a case that went up from this county, wherein he, with others, was charged with violating Sunday by riding to church in his own carriage. It also quoted still more largely from opinions uttered by Judge READ, when pronouncing the decision of the Court in 1867 in the Street Railway case which went up from Philadelphia. *The opinions expressed by these Judges are not law*, and quoting them as such only tends to mislead citizens who desire to be accurately informed.

What was decided in the case of 1859 was this, and no more, that citizens may ride to church on Sunday in their own carriages. What was decided in the case of 1867, was this, and no more, that railway corporations cannot be restrained by injunction from running cars on Sunday, the true remedy being on the criminal side of the Courts.

The opinions thrown out in reaching these decisions were published at length in these columns, when delivered, not as law, but as showing how judicial ideas were being modified by the course of events, and as showing what might possibly be the ultimate position of the Supreme Court. But it is manifest that if these *obiter dicta* shall at any time be transmuted into law, the statute of 1794, and all other statutes, demanding an observance of Sunday, will thereby be absolutely repealed. There will thenceforward be no legal obligation resting upon any citizen to make an essential distinction between days.

But, the Supreme Court, as at present constituted, and as it will be constituted for some years to come, will not be likely to elevate the opinions of Judges LOWRIE and READ into the dignity and force of law. Judge LOWRIE delivered his opinion ten years ago, and vacated his seat on the Supreme Bench soon after, but the Court has not made an inch of progress towards the adoption of his liberal views of Sunday. Judge READ uttered his opinions two years ago, Judges AGNEW and STRONG pointedly dissenting, even going so far as to hold that the Court had equity powers sufficient to restrain railway corporations by injunction from violating the Sunday laws. Not one of the Judges gave token of sympathy in the views enunciated by Judge READ.

The Court is now composed of Chief Justice THOMPSON, and Associate Justices AGNEW, READ, SHARSWOOD and WILLIAMS. We cannot be amiss in affirming that of all these functionaries Judge READ would stand alone in giving the effect of law to his opinions in the case of 1867. At the same term of Court in 1867, in a railway case originating in this city, the Court reached the same conclusion as to its equity powers that it reached in the Philadelphia case, but *by an entirely different line of argumentation;* and this the *Commercial*, either on purpose or through ignorance, totally conceals. Whoever, therefore, ventures to violate the Sunday laws on the strength of the opinions paraded by our cotemporary and shall be brought into court for the offense, must not expect that these opinions will deliver him from the penalties prescribed by the statute of 1794, or by any other statute.

It has been our intention not to participate in the discussion now progressing, of the Sunday question, but a "local" appeared in these columns yesterday through misconception of our instructions by some of our subordinates, which would not have appeared had it passed under our observation. Much has been urged, on both sides, in a way and temper not comporting with our ideas and feelings. Perhaps theological controversies are necessarily and always more acrimonious than other disputations, being conducted with less reason and more dogmatism—with less candor and manliness and more violent appeals to passion and prejudice, than other kinds. If so, the fact is greatly to be deplored. But we could not remain silent under an exposition of the laws wretchedly false, in fact, and hence calculated to mislead whomsoever should put confidence in it.

### A CARD.

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

EDITORS GAZETTE: The *Chronicle* of last evening publishes a paper emanating from the present Grand Jury of our Quarter Sessions Court, touching certain "common rumors" affecting the integrity of our State, county and city fiscal officers, and asks the Judges if they cannot summon before them "all those who have served as representatives from this county in the General Assembly for the last five years," in order to ascertain whether there is anything in these rumors.

Whilst I do not recognize the right of this tribunal to enter upon such an investigation, upon the strength of newspaper articles and anonymous communications, I desire to state thus publicly and promptly that, as one of the parties assailed, I am ready now to respond to the most searching inquiry into any and all of my official acts by any legitimate and proper authority.

Contemptible insinuations, like those embodied in the presentment of the Grand Jury, the offspring of hatred, envy or malice, I have hitherto forborne to notice. The present affords me a fitting opportunity to pronounce them, as far as I am concerned, untounded and false.

Regretting that the Grand Jury should have lent themselves, perhaps unwittingly, to the purposes of those who have party or personal ends to subserve,

I am, yours truly,
R. W. MACKEY.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

### THE SABBATH QUESTION.

**Mass Meeting at Lafayette Hall—Resolutions—The Mayor Called Upon to Issue a Proclamation Forbidding the Demonstration.**

Pursuant to a call published in yesterday morning's GAZETTE inviting a mass meeting of citizens, irrespective of party, creed, or nationality, to protest against the proposed demonstration, by a portion of the German citizens, on Sunday, July 4th, a large number of our leading citizens assembled at Lafayette Hall last evening to discuss the subject. The Hall was filled and the meeting was, although very enthusiastic, quiet and orderly, and the general tone of the speakers mild and conciliatory, with perhaps one or two exceptions.

The meeting was organized by calling Mr. Isaiah Dickey to the Chair and the election of William M. Horman and the reporters of the press as Secretaries.

The following named gentlemen were elected as Vice Presidents: James McKnight, Jno. F. Loy, W. R. Murphy, Jas. Caldwell, Gen. S. Boyan, J. H. Lippencott and Hugh M. Bole.

At the suggestion of the Chairman, the Secretary read the call for the meeting.

Dr. C. King moved that a Committee of three be appointed to prepare resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting.

The resolution was adopted and the Chair appointed Dr. King, J. H. Lippencott and Thos. Ewing, Esq.

Rev. Dr. Howard was called upon to address the meeting during the absence of the Committee, but declined.

Rev. Dr. Douglas was then called upon and after stating that he had been informed that this was to be a meeting of the laity and that ministers were not expected to take part in it, declined to speak.

David Reed, Esq., was next called upon and he likewise declined.

The chairman stated that it had been charged that the clergy and church members were overdoing the question; that the masses had not an opportunity of being heard on the subject, and it was for the purpose of having a free and full discussion by the masses that the meeting had been called.

Mr. Keeler was next called upon, but excused himself by calling upon some one of the legal gentlemen present to enlighten the meeting as to the legal phases of the question. He desired to know whether the proposed demonstration was in violation of a State law or only a violation of a usage or custom of this particular locality. He thought there had been some decisions on the question by the Supreme Court.

Mr. Reed was again called upon, and again declined to address the meeting.

Ex-Mayor Little was then called upon for a speech, but with no better success. He had come to hear and not to be heard.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

The Committee on Resolutions, at this juncture of the proceedings made their appearance, and through Dr. King, Chairman of the Committee, submitted their report. Dr. King stated before reading the report, that a majority of the Committee had objected to the seventh and ninth resolutiens, but he, as chairman, favored them, and as he desired to have them before the meeting he would read them.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

*Resolved*, 1. That as American citizens—willing that our fellow-citizens, native and foreign, shall think for themselves, yet demanding that they shall not, under any pretence, encroach upon our sacred rights—we cherish our American Sabbath as sacred to us by law, and we claim the protection of the civil law against any public perversion of the day to a secular holiday.

2. That the announced and defiant determination of a class among us to celebrate our National Anniversary on that day, against the loud and earnest protestations of this community, is an insult to the founders of our Republic and a desecration of the day they celebrate, no less than the Sabbath day; while it is, also, a shameful inroad upon our most sacred American usage, and such an introduction of foreign customs as must eventually call for foreign despotism to hold them in check.

3. That while the whole spirit and aim of the projected celebration on Sunday next is most manifestly in violation of the spirit of our Sunday laws, the announced purpose to commit no overt transgression is an ignoble attempt to *violate the spirit of the laws so as to evade its execution.* It is a set purpose to *trample upon the sanctity of the day in a way to escape the law's just penalty.*

4. That the published programme of this secular celebration, *without any pretence of religious* ceremony or service, does, in effect, claim that our Sunday can be used for any secular parade or holiday, and strikes at the Sabbath as a day of quiet worship and of public rest. If this celebration can be allowed, what have we left?

5. That such a combination as is boastfully advertised, *of fifty seven societies* to be represented in this celebration, is chargeable at law with a *conspiracy* to violate the statutes which secure to us the right of worship without molestation: and we pledge ourselves to call for the strict and vigorous enforcement of the law.

6. That the thronging of our streets by thousands, *avowedly for secular diversion and holiday celebration can not* possibly be *"quiet and orderly,"* but especially with bands of music, as advertised, must turn our city into turmoil, and congregate the floating crowd so as to effectually debar peaceable citizens from attending their churches and children from attending their Sabbath schools, and must throw our quiet city into dangerous excitement with all the elements of disorder and riot in our midst.

7. That as American citizens, welcoming these men of other lands to equal liberties with ourselves, under American laws, we solemnly warn them that by such a defiant inovation of our most sacred and time-honored rights, for which our fathers bled, and which the *father of his country* so emphatically proclaimed and urged, they must be regarded as deliberately deciaring war upon our institutions and aiming to destroy the foundations of good order and of public morals, and we shall be constrained to regard and treat them as the *pronounced enemies of our country and of our liberties.*

8. That as citizens of Pittsburgh and of Pennsylvania, we call upon our public men to take earnest ground in defense of our Sabbath rights, and we warn all timid and truckling politicians, *who are afraid to speak out*, that they may rather be afraid *not to speak out*, when our sacred privileges as a law-observing and Sabbath-keeping people, are thus shamefully set at nought.

9. That we would respectfully suggest to our worthy Mayor to issue his proclamation warning this unlawful combination against the execution of their published programme, as to bands of music, and as to violation of the public peace of the Sabbath, and in the spirit of the City Council, and of the Grand Jury, and of the public sentiment, so loudly expressed, to urge their observance of our National Anniversary alone with their fellow-citizens on Monday.

Dr. King spoke ot some length in favor of the resolutions. He held that the proposed demonstration was only another phase of the Sunday beer question, and that if those gateways to hell—the beer saloons—had not been closed by law, there would have been no demonstration on the Fourth of July.

Mr. Ewing was called upon and addressed the meeting on the resolutions, He thought the resolutions needed no discussion. The entire community knew what was meant by an observance of the Sabbath as contemplated by the laws of the land and customs of our people. He thought the better classes of the Germans were opposed to the demonstration and hoped that the meeting would be mild in its tone.

Mr. Bole volunteered a few remarks, in the course of which he offered an excuse for the ministers not taking an active part in the proceedings, as they did not want to make targets of themselves for the "penny-a-liners." He was in favor of flanking the Germans if they could not be persuaded. He thought the bridge companies could stop them from crossing.

Rev. Mr. Menzell was called upon and made a brief but decidedly forcible address. He represented the better classes of Germans and did not like to have his people mixed up with those who proposed to desecrate the Christian Sabbath by a public demonstration. He said that the great masses af the German population were opposed to the demonstration, and he thought the matter had been projected by one man.

Mr. Reese desired, in behalf of the Welsh citizens whom he represented, to enter a solemn protest against the proposed desecration of the Christian Sabbath.

Mr. Thomas Douglas, from Ottawa, made a few remarks in regard to the proposed demonstration. He said that the very men who had framed the Declaration of Independence, the anniversary of which these men propose to celebrate, had called upon God to sanction their work, that God who said "six days shalt thou labor, &c."

At the close of Mr. Douglass' remarks the resolutions were adopted by a unanimous vote.

Rev. Mr. Dickerson, in response to a call from the meeting, made a brief but forcible and argumentative address, which was received with applause by the audience.

The meeting then adjourned.

### Presentment of the Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury, now in session, made the following special presentment yesterday:

To Hon. James P. Sterrett, President, and Hon. Thomas Mellon, Assistant, and Hon. E. H. Stowe, Associate Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county.

The Grand Inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in and for the county of Allegheny, do present:

The common rumor and the public press here and in other parts of the State have, for several years, charged that the sixty-second section of the act known as the penal code, which forbids the loaning of public money by any officers of the State, or of any city or county thereof, and the sixty-third section of the same act, which forbids the depositing of public money by any such officers, for his own pecuniary advantage, have been systematically violated, and it has been asserted that a late member of the Legislature from this county was placed in possession of $25,000 of the State funds, by a recent State Treasurer, from the use of which sum he had netted $1,500. We ask your Honors whether we have the power to inquire, and true presentment make, in regard to these charges, and if we have the power, we most respectfully ask your Honors to order subpœnas to be served on any or all those who have served as representatives from this county in the General Assembly for the last five years, for any or all officers, directors and clerks of bank within this county, and for city and county Treasurers and Controllers, and for the present State Treasurer, who is a resident of this city, commanding and requiring each of them to appear before us and make true answers to all questions that may be addressed to them in regard to said matters; and we would respectfully request that the examination be conducted by one of the judges of this court.

It is manifest that the public mind has been, and is now, greatly alarmed at the idea of the great spread of corruption amongst our public officers, and under a solemn sense of our duty as Grand Jurors we call the attention of this honorable Court to the premises, and ask its counsel and assistance.

WM. RINEHART, Foreman.

Attest: J. M. KINKEAD, Sec'y.

The Court stated that the answer would be given this morning.

The sections referred to are the 70th and 71st *placitem* in Purdon's Digest.

### Meeting of the Republican County Committee.

Pursuant to call the members of the Republican County Committee assembled in the District Court Room Thursday afternoon, for the purpose of completing the organization.

After some remarks by the Chairman, W. S. Purviance, Esq.,

On motion of J. S. Lambie, Esq., the following additions were made to the Committee:

| | |
|---|---|
| J. E. McKelvey, Esq. | Jas. W. Murray, |
| Hon. Geo. Wilson, | John Rebman, |
| W. C. Moreland, Esq. | Henry F. Eggers, |
| Josiah Cohen, | J. F. Keeler, |
| W. H. Barker, Esq., | Chas. Goehring, |
| Capt. Jno. Gilfillan, | E. G. Krehan, |
| S. A. Johnson, Esq., | Andrew Arent, |
| Aug. Ammon, Esq., | W. B. Geiser. |

On motion of F. M. Magee, Esq., it was

*Resolved*, That no further additions be made to this Committee, except on the unanimous consent of the members, and that the names of the persons proposed to be added as members be presented to the Committee at least one week before a vote is taken on admission.

On motion of Maj. W. H. Denniston, a Committee was appointed to secure a suitable room for the meeting of the Committee, to report at the next meeting.

H. W. Oliver, Jr., Col. Andrew Scott and J. F. Keeler were appointed as the Committee.

On motion of N. P. Reed, Committee adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman.

### Independence Day.

No remonstrance that can be urged has had any effect towards postponing the proposed German Sunday demonstration. Nor can any remonstrance prevent the popular clothing merchant, Mr. T. Tobias, at No. 13 St. Clair street, from offering his goods cheaper than anybody else. Mr. T. knows when and where to buy to the best advantage, yet he makes it a point to sell only what will bear a critical test. Just now he is selling Russian summer suits at $3.50, a fact which our readers can satisfy themseves of by visiting his well known stand, No. 13 St. Clair street. He is closing out his entire stock of fine clothing at half price. As he is going to build, all goods must be sold in twenty days.

### THE COURTS.

**Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.**

THURSDAY, July 1.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Jacob Dierstein, indicted for selling liquor on Sunday, previously reported, one of the jurors having been discovered in conversation with the defendant, before Court, on motion of the District Attorney and by request of defendant's counsel, the Court ordered the discharge of the jury.

The first case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. Margaret McBride, indicted for selling liquor on Sunday. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Owen Sullivan, indicted for rescuing a prisoner, Peter Dressler prosecutor, was next taken up. It appears that the prosecutor had made an arrest in the Fifteenth ward, and while having his prisoner in charge defendant made an assault upon him and rescued the prisoner. Verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Dougherty, indicted for selling liquor without license. Defendant is a shoemaker, doing business on Wylie street, and was returned by the Ward Constable for selling liquor. It was alleged and proven that his wife had sold a quart of ale to a colored boy.

**Oyer and Terminer.**

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer the case of the Commonwealth vs. Henry Little et al., indicted for burglary, Mrs. Jones prosecutrix, was taken up. It was alleged that the defendants had entered the house of the prosecutrix, in East Birmingham, and carried away a quantity of whisky and a revolver. Little was arrested and the other two defendants escaped. A true bill was found against all the defendants, but the others being absent Little was tried alone. The case was conducted by H. H. McCormick, Esq., on the part of the Commonwealth, and Mr. McKenna represented the defendant. Jury out.

**Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.**

THURSDAY, July 1.—In the case of Mills vs. Kirkpatrick et al., a motion for a new trial was made by plaintiff's counsel. A reason filed.

The case of Ferguson vs. McNish et al., *scira facias* on a mechaniess lien was taken up, and is still on trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

105. Owens vs. Robb and Herron.
34. Stoney vs. McCutcheon.
64. English vs. Carson.
78. Dalzell vs. Snyder.

**Aquatic.**

The regatta for the championship of Allegheny county, which takes place on the lower Monongahela course, Monday, July Fifth, promises to be a splendid affair. The prizes to be awarded by J. W. Pittock, to the successful contestants have arrived, and are now on exhibition at Pittock's book store. They consist of eight flags, four small regulation flags of fine silk, trimmed with heavy bullion, two blue flags of the same material, trimmed as above, with the word "Champion" in gilt letters, and two Union Jacks, trimmed with heavy bullion. The winners of the four oar race will receive a champion flag and a stand of American colors; and the second prize will be a "Union Jack" and a regulation flag. The successful competitors in the single scull race will receive similar prizes. There have been three entries for the four oar race and five single sculls. The entries close this evening.


### THE SYMPTONS OF CONSUMPTION.

Paleness of the countenance.
Spitting, or expectoration of pus.
This pus sinks in water.
It is sometimes streaked with blood.
There is chilliness or shiverings, and flashes of heat.
There is a pearly whiteness of the eyes.
The hair of the head falls off.
At times there is a circumscribed red spot on one or both cheeks.
There is swelling of the hands and feet.
There is great debility and emaciation of the body.
There is a high colored state of the urine.
With a deposit on standing like brick dust.
There is oftentimes a great thirst.
The blood is hurried through the arteries and veins.
The pulse is over a hundred, and even as high as one hundred and forty a minute.
The veins on the surface of the body are bluer than usual, and languid.
As the disease progresses the debility increases.
The expectoration becomes more copious.
The finger nails are incurvated.
There is a marasmus and wasting of all the powers of life.
There is often pain in one or both lungs.
There is often diarrhoea and faintness.
There is great sinking of the vital forces.
When there are turbercles, small portions of turberculous matter will be expectorated.
This tubercular matter has an offensive odor.
On an examination with a lung sound, rattling and gurgling is heard.
There is always more or less cough.
Some of these symptons are always present in pulmonary consumption, and nearly or quite all of them in different stages of the disease.

No disease of which we have any knowledge is so common and so almost invariably fatal; yet this need not be the case if the earlier symptoms were heeded. Time and again we have called attention to Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which will in every instance of a recent cough arrest the progress of the disease and hinder its development, and even after it has become settled will often cure it and arrest further decay of the lungs.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. 167 LIBERTY STREET, one door from St. Clair. Dr. Keyser may be consulted at his LIBERTY STREET OFFICE EVERY DAY UNTIL 12 o'clock, and at his resident office, No. 120 Penn street, from 1 to 4 o'clock.

### THE SEASON OF EXHAUSTION.

No matter how vigorous by nature the system and the constitution may be, they must necessarily suffer more or less from the depleting effects of the temperature of midsummer, unless strengthened and sustained by wholesome tonic treatment. The extra pressure upon the vital forces must be met and counterbalanced by an extra resistant power: the unusual and rapid consumption of the animal fluids by profuse perspiration must be compensated by the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food taken into the stomach, from which both the fluids and the solids of the body are derived. Otherwise the physical strength declines, and the mind, sympathizing with the machinery through which it acts, becomes depressed and enervated. A STIMULANT is therefore absolutely required at this season; not a violent one, calculated to produce febrile excitement, but something which will recruit and reinforce the whole organization in proportion to the extraordinary drain to which the torrid heat subjects it.

This desideratum is supplied in a palatable and most efficient form in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which the people of this country, after more than twenty-five years' experience, have accepted and endorsed as the best tonic, a terative and antibilious preparation which medical chemistry has yet succeeded in obtaining from the strength sustaining, nesting and purifying products of the vegetable kingdom. Every ingredient of this famous compound has its own specific virtue, and the results of their combination is the most genial invigorant, aperient and regulating medicine ever administered, either as a preventive or cure of the disorders most common in our variable climate. Among these may be enumerated dyspepsia, biliousness constipation, fever and ague, nervous debility, and all the ailments proceeding from imperfect digestion. A course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is the best possible safeguard against the dangers which menace persons of both sexes, and all ages, during the heated term.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH, Jul 1, 1869.

**THE MECHANICS NATION-**AL BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst. JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.
jy2:132

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

**DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.
CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.
jy2:131

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.
jy1:129

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

**DIVIDEND.—The Presi**DENT, Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.
WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.
jy2:133

**CELEBRATION OF THE**
ANNIVERSARY OF
**AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE,**
ON THE
FOURTH OF JULY.

Procession in three grand divisions—Pittsburgh, South Side and Allegheny—to move at 2 o'clock P. M., from Grant street and Sixth avenue, on the following

Down Grant street to Seventh avenue, Smithfield street, Fifth avenue, Market and St. Clair streets to Penn, along Penn to Mechanic's street bridge, up Chestnut to Ohio street, down Ohio street to diamond square.

There the DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE will be read, and orations delivered in ENGLISH and GERMAN, interspersed with patriotic airs.

Chief Marshal—Capt. LOUIS HAGER.

The celebration shall be kept strictly within the boundaries of the law, order and public propriety. Everything contrary to the character of a solemn and dignified demonstration will be rigidly excluded. All saloon keepers are respectfully and earnestly required to keep their places closed during the entire day. All good citizens are invited to have their houses decorated appropriately, join the occasion and exert themselves in the interest of having the celebration carried out in a spirit and manner in accordance with the sanctity of the Anniversary of Liberty.

By order of the
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.
jy2

**LIST OF LETTERS REMAIN-**ING IN BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, July 2, 1868:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **B** | Hays Wm H | **P** |
| Beckley N J | Harman Daniel | Powell Andrew |
| Bailey Annie A | Hickey John C | Phillips Jno H |
| Bournes Hugh | **J** | Powell Wm |
| Boyd Hanna | Jonas Wm | Parker Frank |
| Boward Thos | Johnson Jos | **R** |
| Barrett Fanny | Jones Joshua | Reese David L |
| **C** | **K** | Noland Wm |
| Cready Wm H | Karns Wm | Riley Peter |
| Cimer Jacob | **L** | **S** |
| **D** | Longbra Emma | Smith Thos A |
| Davis Margt D | Lewis David | Snook Emma |
| Donnally J A | **M** | Shunk Margery |
| Duell M J | Morris Sophie | Slivis D W |
| **E** | Mathews Aggie | **W** |
| Ernest Lillie | McKern James | Williams S F |
| **F** | McCormick Jas | Weaver John |
| Farrell James | Meswegan J | Wedomer John |
| **G** | Meswegan M | Webster E |
| Greenway J | **O** | Williams G E |
| **H** | Orrison Robt | Walker Maria |
| Harman Wm | Ogden J W | |

jy2 PHILLIP HOERR, P. M.

**AN ORDINANCE**
Changing the Grade of Thirty-ninth Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the grade of Thirty-ninth street be lowered one foot, at South street, and thence a uniform grade to the Allegheny Valley Railroad and to Butler street.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of June, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council
W. A. TOMLINSON, President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. jy2

**ORPHANS' COURT SALE!**

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pa., dated June 26, 1869, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Col. JAMES A. GIBSON, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at his late residence in Pine township,

**ON TUESDAY, JULY 27, 1869,**

At 1 o'clock P. M., all that certain farm, messuage or tract of land, situate in Pine township, in said county, and bounded on the north by lands of Eliza Donald and the Grade Road; on the east by the heirs of Fogle; on the south by lands of L. R. McAboy, and on the east by lands of Mrs. Thos. Gibson and Abraham Marshall, containing 113 acres and 18 perches, upon which is erected a Double Frame Cottage, one and a half story high, having five rooms on the first floor, four of said rooms having fine marble mantle pieces and three rooms on the second floor; stable, carriage house and other outbuildings; excellent water, and the land in good cultivation.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in Pine township, bounded on the north by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy and Cross Prest. Church; on the east by lands of Abraham Marshall and Samuel Emmett; on the south and east by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy, containing 93 acres and 30 perches, upon which is erected a good stone and log dwelling or tenant house.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in said Pine township, bounded on the north by lands of Mrs. Herron; on the west by lands of Mrs. Eliza Donald; on the south by lands of Rev. L. R. McAboy and McMarlin, and on the east by land of Alexander McClintock, containing 132 acres and 15 perches, upon which is erected a good tenant house.

All of the aforesaid tracts of land are well watered and improved farming lands.

Also, a certain other tract of land situate in Shaler township, adjoining lands of Hugh and Thomas Miller, containing 3 acres, underlaid with coal, together with a right of way to the coal land of said James A. Gibson and Robert Morrow, and with it the lease of John Sword to said Gibson and Morrow of 90 acres of coal; upon said 3 acres is erected a dwelling.

For further information inquire of the undersigned, or of

**SAMUEL PALMER, Attorney-at-Law,**
**No. 87 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.**

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money upon the confirmation of said sale, and the balance in one year from the date of said confirmation, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

**NANCY M. GIBSON,**
Administratrix of James A. Gibson, deceased.
jy2:131

**VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN** VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 31 day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;

"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;

"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;

"SALLE P TS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
Special Commissioners.
j1

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**THE MOST SUCCESSFUL**
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF THE WORLD,
**THE NATIONAL**
**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,**
OF THE
**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.**

**Chartered by Special Act of Congress.**

*Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.*

**Branch Office, PHILADELPHIA.**

**OFFICERS.**

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
JAY COOKE, Philadelphia, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Philadelphia, Medical Director.

This Company issued, in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence,

**5,395 POLICIES,**
INSURING
**$15,142,800.**

This Company offers to its Policy-Holders
PERFECT SECURITY
By its Cash paid up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its
*LOW RATES OF PREMIUM,*
LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.
Or a Reversionary Dividend of 100 per cent. by its
RETURN PREMIUM PLAN.

**GENERAL AGENTS.**

E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers. No. 35 South Third Street, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey. B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.

**IRA B. McVAY & CO.,**
Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. jy2:MW&F

**AN ORDINANCE**
Authorizing the Opening of Bates Street from Atwood Street to Bradcock Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Bates street, from Atwood street to Braddock street, in accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Jas. Murdoch, Wm. Harrison and Hamilton Sheppard are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of June, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON, President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. jy2

**AN ORDINANCE**
Authorizing the Opening of the Puckety Road, from the Frankstown Road to Spring Street, and Changing the name to Lincoln Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to open Puckety Road, from the Frankstown Road to spring street, and that the name be changed to Lincoln street, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Wm. Burchfield, Moses Phillips and Samuel Chadwick are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of June, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON, President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. jy2

**AN ORDINANCE**
Authorizing the Opening of Atwood Street, from Fifth Avenue to Bates Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Atwood street, from Fifth avenue to Bates street, in accordance with the plan in the City Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Alfred Harrison, Jas. Murdoch and Hamilton Sheppard are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of June, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON, President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. jy2

**REMOVAL.**
**H. HIGBY & CO.**

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

**WOOL.**
100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by
**MEANOR & HARPER,**
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
349 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**WILL BE OPENED WEDNES**
DAY MORNING, 26TH INST.,
LARGE ASSO
RTMENT OF
**NEW SUMMER DRESS GOODS**
A T
**ABOUT ONE HALF**
THEIR USUAL PRICE.

AT 18 3-4 CENTS,
BEAUTIFUL PLAID
LENO DRESS GOODS.
USUAL PRICE 37 1-2 Cts.

Handsome Striped
SUMMER MOHAIR POPLINS
AT 20 AND 25 CENTS.
A Most Decided Bargain.

VERY FINE GREY MIXED
Summer Mohair Poplins
AT 30 Cts., USUAL PRICE 50 Cts

The above and many other desirable Dress Goods are entirely new, having just been purchased. To move them as rapidly as possible they will be offered at

ONE HALF THEIR VALUE

AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**
NOS. 180 AND 182 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

**REDUCTION IN PRICES!**

**BATES & BELL**
Offer the Balance of
**SUMMER GOODS CHEAP**
TO
CLOSE OUT.
je30

**PHILIP PHILLIPS'**
NEW MUSIC BOOK,
**THE STANDARD SINGER.**

*The Trade Supplied at Publishers' Prices, at*

**METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,**
129 Smithfield Street.
JOSEPH HORNER,
je28-FMW

**HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD**
*No. 100 Third Avenue,*
Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham Curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,
NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
**ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,**
LIVERY, SALE AND
**COMMISSION STABLES**
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26:h4

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

**NOTICE.—The Assessment for** the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy1:128

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.**

### WANTED—HELP.

**WANTED—HELP.—AT EM-**PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

### WANTED—AGENTS.

**WANTED—AGENTS.—A few** good men can find employment by which they can make from $3 to $5 a day, by calling at No. 18 Sixth street, (late St. Clair,) up stairs. No capital required.

**WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to** $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

**WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell** the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

### TO LET.

**TO-LET.—A new two story** BRICK DWELLING HOUSE of 4 rooms and kitchen on Clark street, Pittsburgh; gas throughout and water in kitchen, and good yard. Possession immediately. Apply to R. A. Burke, Photographer, 69 Fifth avenue, Dispatch Building.

**TO-LET.—A Large House of 11** Rooms, on Fourth avenue. Suitable for boarding house. Water and gas. Enquire of MORGAN & ROBERTS, 114 Fourth avenue.

**TO-LET.—Four commdious** and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

**TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor** Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

### FOR SALE.

**FOR SALE OR RENT.**

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.
jy2:136

**FOR SALE—A beautiful coun-**try home, located near Perrysville, eight miles from the city, fronting on the Plank Road. The grounds contain 53 acres in all, is well improved, and in a high state of cultivation. There is erected upon it a splendid two story double frame mansion of ten rooms, with all necessary halls, pantries, and all modern conveniences; also, carriage house, wood and coal shed, a tastefully arranged barn, with ample stabling, and all other necessary smaller outbuildings. A beautiful grove of forest trees adjoins the house, which stands on an eminence, commanding a delightful view of the surrounding country for many miles. Two large orchards of delicious fruit, also all kind of small fruits, abundance of excellent water, and in fact everything that taste and convenience could suggest to make it pleasant and comfortable. It has been used as a summer home by the owner for the last seven years. There is also a tenement house on the property, now occupied by a good tenant. Any one wishing to retire from business will find this one of the most desirable properties to be found. Possession given immediately, or will sell the main buildings with fifteen acres, to suit purchaser. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. je22

**FOR SALE.**

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF
**W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,**
195 Liberty Street.
mh15

**VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.** —Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

**VALUABLE PENN STREET** PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A large three story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, in desirable location on Penn street; well arranged and in good order; hall, eleven rooms, gas and water fixtures, cellar, bath room, &c; a good brick stable. Lot 20 feet front by 11 feet deep to an alley. For further particulars apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
e25 39 Sixth avenue

**FOR SALE.—A new 7 octave** H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275. Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

**ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF DRESS GOODS AT J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,**
**59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.**

ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

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**59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.**

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**FOR SALE.**

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.
je29

**VALUABLE**
**SUBURBAN LOTS IN 23d WARD**
AT AUCTION.

FIFTY-ONE LOTS, desirably located at Marion station, on Second avenue, in the Twenty-third ward, city of Pittsburgh, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and the Monongahela river, will be sold at Public Sale on

**SATURDAY, JULY 10th,**

At 2 o'clock P. M. We confidently invite the attention of purchasers to the above property, as examination cannot but convince any party that the conveniences of the city and the pleasures of the country are here extraordinarily combined, having amongst others the following advantages: Facility of access, being situated on the Connellsville Railroad and second avenue, beauty of scenery, having extended views on the Monongahela river, convenience to schools, churches and society, being in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Hays, Laughlins, Scully, Anderson, Oliver and other.

Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance in one, two and three years, with interest, ten per cent. of the cash payment in hand. A special free train will leave the Connellsville Depot at one o'clock P. M. on day of sale. For further information and plan of lots apply to
JOHN D. FAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth avenue.
H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer. je28:16

**FOR SALE.**

12 lots on Centre avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 2 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 5 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,000 cash.

Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 44 feet on Wylie street. This property will sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of

**M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,**
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour, Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds.
je17:k60

**FOR SALE.**

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acre of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 305 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

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**THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND**
89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

**FOR SALE.—A light and profit-**ABLE business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

**FOR SALE.—A New Brick Resi-**DENCE, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

**FOR SALE.—About 120 acres** of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NAGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

**FOR SALE.**

13 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Douisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,
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**"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY**
**FOR SALE.**

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15;k46

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**TO LOAN.**

**$10,000**

ON FIRST CLASS MORTGAGE, CITY PROPERTY. Apply at

**MORGAN & ROBERTS',**
**REAL ESTATE AGENTS**
114 FOURTH AVENUE.
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**CAPE MAY, N. J..**

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,
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OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF
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AT GREATLY
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je29

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Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
my21:194 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

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Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

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COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

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Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

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Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
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500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
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25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
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50,000 Fire Brick;
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Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap26

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H. B. LYON,

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Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

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D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

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CITY BANK.

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CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

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CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

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DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

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We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

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Dealers in Government Bonds,

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 1, 1869.

The large rise in stocks and bonds, and more so the firm tone of the gold market in the face of the heavy disbursments by the United States Treasury, surprised every body, and nobody seems to be able to account for it. The same parties who forced up bonds and stocks, sustained gold by the offers to purchase large amount, in expectation to have it carried cheap over the fourth of July. The disbursements of cash gold, however, were very large to-day, and finally the price dropped down from 137⅝ to 137. Most of the large holders of gold are disappointed in finding the amounts for shipment to Europe so insignificant, and instead see bonds take its place, which is indicated by the increased demand and advance of bonds.

To-day new issues of 5 20s being quoted ex interest are selling relatively one-half per cent higher than yesterday, and quite in demand. The offerings of bonds are very light, and few holders are disposed to increase their lot at present high quotations. From this fact it may be fairly supposed that as soon as the European demand is satisfied, bonds will range lower, the more so since the Treasury is arriving at a gradual contraction of the currency, and other more remunerative investments are offered.

Stocks are very firm and have advanced despite the high rates for money. It seems, however, as if the short interests were nearly covered, and a reaction may be expected after July the fourth.

Money is comparatively easy here, and good borrowers can be shipped at 9 to 10 per cent.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 117; Five Twenties, 1862, 121½; do 1864, 117¼; do 1865, 118¼; do 1865, Consols, 115⅝; do 1867, 115⅜; do 1868, 115⅝; Ten Forties, 108; New York Central, 94⅝; Erie, —; Reading, 98; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 56¼; Ohio & Mississippi, 32½; Michigan Southern, 108⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 102; Chicago & Rock Island, 173⅞; Chicago & North Western, 81½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95½; Adams Express Company, 60½; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 90½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38⅝; Am. W. Express, 41⅝.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 1, 1869.

Money is active and stringent at 7 per cent., with ¼@¼ per cent. commission added to loans on call. The July disbursements on account of interest and dividends commenced to-day. The Treasury has to disburse $22,000,000 in coin as the interest on the funded debt, and $1,610,000 in currency as interest on the currency six per cent. bonds issued in aid of the Pacific Railroad. The coin paid out to-day by the Assistant Treasurer was $4,644,000. The general disbursements at this point, outside of the Treasury, are large and will aid in easing the money market in future. Assistant Treasurer General Butterfield announced his willingness to pay for the bonds purchased to-day, immediately after the awards were made. Sterling is quiet at 109½@109¾. Gold opened at 137½, advanced to 137¾, and closed weak at 136⅞ @ 37. The carrying rates ware ⅛@¼ per cent.

Governments closed steady at a fractional decline from the best rates of the day: Coupons '81, 117@117¼; do. '62, 121½@121¾; do. 64, 117@117½; do. '65, 118@118½; do. new, 115⅝@115¾; do. '67, 115⅝@115¾; do. '68, 115½@115¾; 10-40s, 108¼@108¾; Pacifics, 105¾@106. The Government bought a million of coupons and registered bonds of '62, '64, '65 and '67 at 115 48-100@115 9-100.

State bonds weak: Missouris, 88; old Tennessees, 62; new do. 58½; Virginias, 61¾; new North Carolinas, 52¼

The stock market towards the close was affected by the increased stringency in money and the sudden pressure to sell, which resulted in a general decline in the prices. New York Central and Michigan Southern, which stocks have become the mercural shares of the list, fell off about 2 per cent., but the changes otherwise are not over 1 per cent. The market closed unsettled.

Bidding prices at 5:30: Canton, 60; Cumberland, 33 Western Union Telegraph, 38⅜; Quicksilver, 16; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 89½; Adams Express, 61; Wells Fargo 31⅞; American, 42¼; United States, 72⅛; Merchants Union, 16; New York Central, 194½; Harlem, 143; Hudson, 164; Reading, 98¼; Erie, 30; do. preferred, 53½; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 180¾; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 102; Northwestern, 81¾; do pref. 95¾; Rock Island, 117¾; St. Paul, 75; do. preferred, 85¾; Wabash, 71½; do. preferred, 78; Fort Wayne, 156¼; Terre Haute, 35; do. preferred, 59; Chicago and Alton, 159; do. preferred, 16; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¾; Dubuque and Sioux City, 105, C. C, and I. C., 39½.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 7¾; Franklin, 14; Hecla, 80; Hancock, 3; Minnesota, 1¾; Quincy, 20.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury—$2,242,289, payments, $1,593,849; balance, $85,241,256.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 1, 1869.

The market, in a general way, present but little that is new or important. There has been no rain for twenty-four hours, we are in hopes that the wet season has passed; the crops in this vicinity are not injured much, as yet, and notwithstanding there has been a good deal of anxiety manifested, and fears entertained, there is little doubt but what the yield this season will be heavy, and there is every prospect that wheat will be of a better quality than it was last year. Big crops are very important to this country, particularly at this time, as on this, to a great extent, hangs the future course of business, and there is nothing that could have a more damaging influence on business generally, than a failure in this respect.

BUTTER—Is steady with a demand about equal to the supply, and prices are pretty well sustained, ranging from 23@25 for prime to choice.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,25 per bushel.

CARBON OIL—May be quoted in a jobbing way at 28@30, and demand light.

CHEESE—Is dull and in good supply but unchanged; sales of common Western Reserve 16@17, Factory at 18 and Goshen at 19@20.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand continues very light, and prices are nominal. Peaches 10@12 for quarters, and 15@16 for halves. Apples, 10@12.

EGGS—Selling at from 28@20, the latter figure for fresh packed.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—Is quiet but steady with a fair local demand, and a fair volume of business in the aggregate, and prices unchanged. We continue to quote Western Flours at $6@6,50 for Springs, and $7@7,50 for Winters, as to quality.

GRAIN—Wheat is scarce and in steady milling demand and we can report sales of good to choice Winter at $1,30@1,35. Oats in limited demand but steady and prices sustained; 65@66 on track and 68@70, for small lots in store. There is considerable inquiry for Corn, and but little in market; mixed may be quoted at 75@77, and prime Yellow at 80@82. Rye is still quoted at $1,15@1,20, with but little offering. Barley—none offering and but little wanted.

GROCERIES—The grocery market continues very quiet and dull, and devoid of anything really new or important. It is likely that there will be a largely increased demand for Sugars within the few weeks, as the time for putting up small fruits is near at hand. Fish are firmer. Coffees, Teas, Spices, etc. unchanged.

SUGARS—S H, 11; A A, 12¾; Havana 14; Cuba, 12½; Porto Rico, 14@14½ Demarara, 15; New Orleans, but little prime in market and sells readily at 14½@15; lower grades, 13; Refined, Ex. C, 15@15¼; B, 15½; A, 15¾ Hard, 16¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans of good quality is in strong request and bring 80@85 Porto Rico, 65@75.

SYRUPS—White Honey Drips, $1,15; Silver Drips, 95c; Jersey, 95c; Golden 80; Amber, 65; Common, 55.

COFFEE—Fair to Good Rio, 20@22 Prime, 24½@25; Choice, 26@26½.

RICE—Carolina, 9¾c@10c; Rangoon, 9

TEAS—Young Hyson, $1,00@1,80, G P., $1,10 to 1,90. Imperial, $1,40 to 1,80. Oolong, 85 to $1,45. Sou Chong, 90 to $1,50.

STARCH—Pearl, 7; Silver Gloss, 11½c and Corn Starch, 12½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$8,00 per case

FRUITS—Layer Raisins, $3,50 per box Matt do, $7,50; Prunes, 12½c; Currants 12½c; Vallencia Raisins 14½.

SPICES—Cassia, 80c; Cloves, 45c; grain Pepper, 36 Allspice, 33c; Nutmegs, $1,50

BAR LEAD—12½c; Shot, $3,25 per bag

SOAPS—"Babbit's," 12c; "Oakely's," 11c; Rosin, 5 to 7c; "Dobbin's," 15c Wax, 10c; Chem. Olive, 9c.

CANDLES—Mould, 16c; Star, 25c.

BI CARB SODA—$7,00 per 100.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny scales of 29 loads at $17@29, as to quality.

HEMP—Is dull and noninal—last sale reported at $210.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2.50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Firm but unchanged $1,50 for extra No. 1, and $1,20 for No. 2

POTATOES—Old crop in steady demand with sales in store at 40@45 per bushel. New crop very scarce, and may be quoted firm at $4,00 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is steady with a fair jobbing demand at 14¾@15 for Shoulders; 17½@18½ for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 18¼ for plain Hams; 21 for canvassed Sugar Cured, and 21 for Breakfast Bacon. Dried Beef 21. Lard 20 in tierce; 20½ in bbls and 21@21½ in kgs and pails. Mess Pork $33½.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Dull; may be quoted at $1,65@1,70 for car load lots.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover and Timothy Seeds seems to have almost entirely subsided. Flaxseed would sell but there is none in market.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Dry goods trade generally very quiet, but the market is quite firm for cotton goods, in sympathy with raw material, and the prices are without particular change, except for canton flannels, which are five per cent firmer. In 6 cords finish spool cotton there is no change in trade prices, but the agents of J. & P. Coates have changed the discount rate from 5 to 7½ per cent

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Cattle firmer at $4,12½@6,00 for common to good cows $6,25@6,62½ for fair to medium; $6,87½ @7,25 for good to choice and $7,55@7,75 for extra shipping beeves. Hogs neglected and lower with sales at $8,25@8,50 for fair to medium, and $8,75@9,25 for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Cattle steady at $ @7. Hogs firm at $7,50@9.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat dull; prime $1,40@1,45 Corn dull; prime white 95@96c; yellow 88@90c. Oats firmer, at 73@75c for light and 80c for heavy. Mess Pork quiet at $34. Bacon firm. Lard dull at 20c. Whisky less firm at $1,02@1,03.

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### The Jesuits.

Before the order had existed a hundred years, it had filled the whole world with memorials of great things done and suffered for the faith. No religious community could produce a list of men so variously distinguished; none had extended its operations over so vast a space; yet in none had there ever been such perfect unity of feeling and action. There was [illegible] the globe, no walk of specu- tive life, in which Jesuits found. They guided the Kings. They deciphered ns. They observed the piter's satellites. They libraries, controversy, casuistry, treaties on optics, Alcaic odes, ed s of the fathers, madrigals, catechisi and lampoons. The liberal education of youth passed almost entirely into their hands, and was conducted by them with conspicuous abillity. Enmity itself was compelled to own that, in the art of managing and forming the tender mind, they had no equals. Meanwhile they assiduously and successfully cultivated the eloquence of the pulpit. With still greater assiduity and still greater success they applied themselves to the ministry of the confessional. Throughout Catholic Europe the secrets of every government and of almost every family of note were in their keeping. They glided from one Protestant country to another under innumerable disguises, as gay cavaliers, as simple rustics, as Puritan preachers. They wandered to countries which neither mercantile avidity nor liberal curiosity had ever impelled any stranger to explore. They were to be found in the garb of Mandarins, superintending the Observatory at Pekin. They were to be found, spade in hand, teaching the rudiments of agriculture to the savages of Paraguay. Yet, whatever might be their residence, whatever might be their employment, their spirit was the same, entire devotion to the common cause, implicit obedience to the central authority. None of them had chosen his dwelling-place or his avocation for himself. Whether the Jesuit should live under the Arctic Circle or the Equator; whether he should pass his life in arranging gems and collecting manuscripts at the Vatican, or in pursuading naked barbarians in the southern hemisphere not to eat each other, were matters which he left with profound submission to the decision of others. If he was wanted at Bagdad, he was toiling through the desert with the next caravan. If his ministry was needed in some country where his life was more insecure than that of a wolf, where it was a crime to harbor him, where the heads and quarters of his brethern, fixed in the public places, showed him what he had to except, he went without remonstrance or hesitation to his doom. Nor is this heroic spirit yet extinct. When in our time, a new and terrible pestilence passed round the globe; when, in some great cities, fear had dissolved all the ties which held society together; when the secular clergy had deserted their flocks; when medical succor was not to be purchased by gold; when the strongest natural affections had yielded to the love of life, even then the Jesuit was found by the pallet which Bishop and curate, physician and nurse, father and mother, had deserted, bending over infected lips to catch the faint accents of confession, and holding up to the last, before the expiring penitent, the image of the expiring Redeemer.—*Macauley's History of England.*

### The Recent Riots and the Excitement in Paris.

[From Galignani, June 14.]

The rioting at Paris may now be considered at an end. Last night and on Saturday evening everything took place on the Boulevards without disturbance. On the former occasion, at half-past nine, a detachment of cavalry, composed of Gardes de Paris and some hussars, made their appearance and were saluted with the bravos of the public. At ten some groups formed at the corner of the Faubourg Montmartre and obstructed the entire entrance to that thoroughfare. Shortly after a detachment of cavalry was seen coming slowly along. This patrol, preceded by an avant-garde and by its trumpeters, was received with shouts of applause. We repeatedly heard cries of "*Vive l'Empereur!*" "*Vive la troupe!*" "*A bas les emeutiers!*" "*A bas les crapule!*" The groups above alluded to at once dispersed. In the Rue du Faubourg Montmartre, on a party of men in blouses taking up a position on the causeway and side pavements, several inhabitants of that street advanced and said to them, "Come, take yourselves off, go home, clear the street; we are shopkeepers of this quarter, we have had quite enough of *emeutiers* and vagabonds! Be off, and in double-quick time, or you will have to deal with us!" As the individuals thus addressed showed an inclination to resist, some sergents de ville came up "We are on your side," said the persons whose words we have quoted; "rid us of these blackguards!" The agents lost no time in dispersing the groups, and tranquility was soon re-established in that quarter. A few arrests were also effected. One man was seized who had a sum of 45,000 francs on his person. Also two lads were captured, each of whom had 1,500 francs in gold in his pocket.

All the quarters of Belleville, Menilmontana and La Villette presented the aspect of an ordinary day, or rather of a Sunday evening. At the other end of Paris everything also passed off quietly. From the Rue des Amandiers to the Barriere du Trone, the boulevard had rather a desolate appearance, as there was scarcely any one to be seen. At 9 o'clock some groups had taken up a position at the entrance of the Rue du Menilmontant and the Faubourg du Temple. The appearance of some sergents de ville sufficed to disperse these gatherings, very inoffensive in themselves, and of which a considerable part consisted of women. Last night no unusual gathering was to be seen anywhere.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* says: "The iron clads over the river are rapidly rotting away, and are a constant and useless expense to the Government, as they require great attention. If their batteries were removed and their officers sent on other duty, the Government would be the gainer by a large amount. The useless hulls might bring a good price at auction for the old iron, copper, etc., about them. The two best of the lot were sold to the Peruvian Government, and we venture to assert those now across the river will be abandoned or sold before many months. The officers now in charge will, we believe, sustain our opinion of these vessels."

### The Cat: a Study.

[From the French of Victor Hugo.]

The cat is the concrete symbol of a vacillating politician.

It is always on the fence!

It is the feline embodiment of one of the profoundest human principles wrenched from the circumambience of the Unknown, and hurled into the bosom of consciousness.

Nine tailors make one man. A cat has nine times the life of one man, for it has nine lives. Possession, also, is nine points of the law. Behold a legal possession of existence equal to the span of eighty-one clothiers' lives.

Let us bow reverently before this august fact.

The wanderer by the midnight seashore, when the moon—that argent cornucopia of heaven—is streaming forth her flowers and fruits of radiance, and the illimitable is illuminated by the ineffable, will have remarked the phosphorescent ridges that scintilate along the willows' tops, until the breakers seem to curve and snort like horses' necks with manes of lightning clad.

So, O man, when in the darkness of thine own chamber, thou passest thine hand along the furry spine of this feline phantom of the back yard, the electric sparks dart forth, and a flash of lightning fuses together the fingers and the fur.

Exquisite antithesis of nature! The fireside embraces the ocean. The hearthstone is paved with seashells. The monsters of the deep disport reflected in the glowing embers. The infinite Abroad is brought into amalgamation with finite At Home.

The ocean roars.

The cat only purs.

The billows rise and culminate and break.

The cat's back rises. The feline tide is up, and we have a permanent billow of fur and flesh.

O impossible co-existence of contradictory contradictions!

The Duke of Wellington was pronounced the greatest captain of his age. General Grant is pronounced the greatest captain of his.

The greatest captain of any age was the captain with his whiskers.

Let us not call this the tergiversation of history. Call it rather the tergiversation of nature.

The whiskers of the captain.

The whiskers of the cat.

The hirsute exponent of martial supremacy. The feline symbolism of the Bearded Lady, crossing her claws before the family fire.

Jealousy has been called the green-eyed monster.

The cat is the green-eyed monster.

Both lie in wait. Neither destroys its victim without toying with it. One is the fox, the other the friend of the fireside. Either is to be met in almost every family. Each is of both sexes.

"Old Tom" gin in excess is one of man's bitterest, bibulous foes; man is the bitterest bibulous foe of old Tom cats. The one puts the bricks into the hats of the second to be shied at the heads of the third.

O osculation between sky and earth! O lips of the Seen touching the lips of the Unseen! O wave of thought careering through the asymptotes of cloudland, crystalizing into angelic force the tangents of humanity.

The stars are out at night.

So are the cats.

"L'HOMME QUI RIT."

THE New York correspondent of the Troy *Times* writes as follows: "The largest owner of personal property in this city, and in the United States, is Commodore Vanderbilt, who is said to hold twenty millions. The Astors, whose chief wealth is in land, have about five millions in real estate. Moses Taylor has about four millions, of which his coal stocks, in connection with those of his son-in-law, reach one million and a half. George Law has about two millions, while out of the estate of the late John J. Phelps, amounting in all to eight millions, about two-thirds are in personal property. These last-mentioned men were not ambitious of being numbered among our real estate lords. Their money had been made by handling personal property, and they preferred to keep it in this shape. They wished to have their pecuniary resources ready for action at a moment's warning, in order to take advantage of any opportunity. If a certain stock fell in price they wanted to be able to buy it up, and having the control of vast amounts of cash they could enter Wall street at any time and cut right and left with great effect. Such active, nervous, resolute men do not care to be troubled with the slow details of real estate. Real estate is like forces shut up in a stronghold, while personal property is like soldiers in the field. There is a constitutional difference between Commodore Vanderbilt and Wm. B. Astor, which is shown by their aptitude for their peculiar positions. Astor sits in an office in Prince street and simply holds on to his land. His life, compared with that of an active business man, is a mere vegetation. He has none of the excitements of gain and loss, and never knows what it is to corner a clique or be cornered himself. How could such a man as Vanderbilt endure this life? It would be like cooping the eagle."

THE *Journal of Applied Chemistry* condemns, in strong language, the practice of putting up articles of diet in envelopes of tin foil. The tin foil, it contends, contains lead poison, and is very injurious to the health of those who eat articles that have been inclosed in it. The warning given to tobacco chewers against the use of "fine cut" put up in this style is worthy of attention. By oxidation the nicotine of the tobacco becomes nicotic acid, which acts on lead, producing a salt which is very poisonous, and not unfrequently shows its deleterious effects among the consumers of "the weed" in the form of paralysis of the facial nerves. We often see, and perhaps in most cases without realizing the cause, persons who are in the habit of chewing tobacco, afflicted with a nervous twitching of the muscles of the face, and a certain, though almost indescribable, wrinkled expression of the countenance, and which, as there is every reason to believe, has its sole origin in the use of tobacco which has undergone this reaction with lead. The tobacco alone has never been known to produce this effect, and although its inordinate use is undoubtedly injurious, the symptoms are quite of a different character. Foreign cheese is brought to this market in tin foil; so are bologna and other sausages, dried fruits, etc. All these are more or less made poisonous by their action upon the lead which surrounds them.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.


**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS** will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is nature the lungs want, wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fat and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

**DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the Botanic mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

**ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

**EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

**THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F


## AUCTION SALES.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

**GREAT LIBRARY CATALOGUE,** CHOICE LITERATURE, OLD ENGLISH POETRY AND DRAMA, THEOLOGICAL, HISTORICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.—SATURDAY EVENING, July 3d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on second floor of Commercial Sale-Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, an unusually valuable private collection, constituting a great Library of Choice Literature, embracing some rare works which have never before been on sale in this city, in lustre of old English Poetry and Drama, Theological, Historical and Miscellaneous Works. In the catalogue are Webster's Unabridged, Craig's Odeon Time, Franklin's History of Pennsylvania; Wies' Dictionary Arts, Sciences and Manufactures, 2 vols; Celebrated Voyages, Travels and Discoveries, 13 vols; Stephens' Central America, 2 vols; Benson's Commentary, 5 vols; Robinson's Calmet, Doddridges Family Expositor, Buckland's Geology and Mineralogy, 2 vols; Bouvier's Astronomy, Coosse's Chemical Physics, Stephens' and Norton's Farmers' Guide, 2 vols; Brittan's Man and his Relations; Swinton's Decisive Battles of the War; Voltaire's Philosophical Dictionary; Sale's Koran, 2 vols; Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy, 3 vols; Ticknor's Spanish Literature, 3 vols; De Quincy's Writings, 13 vols; Thos. Moore's Works, 9 vols; London, Goethe, Lamb's specimens Ancient Dramatic Poetry; Christopher Marlowe's Dramas; Webster's Dramatic Works, 4 vols; Sir John Harington's Prose and Verse; Heliconia, (Park's reprint of Early English Poetry;) Ben Johnson's Works; Shakespeare, the British Drama; Hood's Works, 5 vols; Pope, 3 vols; Churchill 3 vols; Life of Chatterton; Leigh Hunt's Essays; Hounds of American Statesmen; Sigourney's Poems; Bancroft's U. S.; Thackeray, Dickens, &c., &c.

Also, a pearl inlaid Spanish Guitar, Jointed Fishing Rod, &c. Catalogues are now ready, and the books will be on view all Saturday. Orders from those unable to attend the sale will be faithfully executed by

jy1 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BY H. B. SMITHSON.

**ASSIGNEE SALE—AT AUCTION.**—On TUESDAY, July 6th, will be sold at Public Sale, the entire stock of iron ware and tinned ware, fry pans, sauce pans, ladles, skimmers round and oval drops, wire and wire rods, &c., &c., belonging to the estate of JOHN D. GRAY. The sale will take place on the premises at 11½ o'clock A. M., at Frankstown station, Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Trains leave depot, corner Ross and Water streets, at 11 o'clock A. M. Sale positive. Attention of tinners and wire workers especially requested to the sale.

H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer.

je30:124

**FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad** in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in variously sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

## NOTICES.

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., June, 1869.

**NOTICE AT A MEETING** OF THE BOARD OF PARK COMMISSIONERS, held June 22d, 1869, the following resolution was adopted:

*Resolved*, That during the progress of the work on the Park Improvement, the Commission will not allow any portion thereof to be used for public meetings of any kind or processions of any character, and the Park Police or other officers are hereby instructed to report all offenders to the proper authorities.

JAMES PARK, Jr., President.
J. R. OXLEY, Secretary. je26

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 18, 1869.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY** GIVEN to the holders of the SIX PER CENT. MUNICIPAL BONDS OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., that the Coupons on said Bonds, coming due July 1st, 1869, will be paid on said day (less the State Tax) at the Bank of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.
je18:k65

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.**
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.
PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15. my8:198

**PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.**
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1869.

By virtue of authority conferred by resolution of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, at the usual meeting held at the office of the Company in this city, March 17th, A. D. 1869, an adjourned meeting of said annual meeting will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock A. M. of June 24th, instant, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a lease for a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of the railway and property of this Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and to act upon such other business as may come before said adjourned meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock and bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, will close at 3 P. M. on MONDAY, the 14th of June, at the agency in New York, Winslow, Lanier & Co., 27 Pine street, and at the office in Pittsburgh, and will re-open on the 25th of June.

By order of the President.

je16:k51 F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

**NOTICE.**

**To the Holders of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.**

In pursuance of the authority vested in the Trustees, under the respective deeds of trust or mortgage securing the payment of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds respectively, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and in conformity with the by-law in relation to the meetings of said bondholders, adopted April 7, 1864, which provides that in the absence from the country of either of the Trustees, meetings of the bondholders may be called by the other Trustee, the undersigned, Trustee under the said deeds, his associated Trustee now being absent from the country, hereby calls a meeting of the holders of the said First Mortgage Bonds, and also a meeting of the holders of the said Second Mortgage Bonds, to be held at the office of the said Company in the City of Pittsburgh, on the TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF JUNE, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon of that day, for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all such questions as may arise in reference to the lease of the railways of the said Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, or in reference to the conversion of the present stock of the said Company into a guaranteed stock of a larger aggregate, upon which dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable quarterly out of the rental reserved in the said lease shall be paid, and also for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all other matters which may come before the said meetings or either of them.

je15:k50 S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

*First*. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

*Second*. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

*Third*. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

*Fourth*. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

**NOTICE.**

## CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN**

TO THE

## CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST and the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

**STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES!**

The State Mercantile Appraiser has returned to me for collection the appraisement for 1869. State Mercantile Licenses must be paid on or before July 1st, 1869.

All Licenses remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of Aldermen for collection.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1869. e5:k68

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. Co., OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, PITTSBURGH, June 28, 1869.

**NOTICE.**

All persons interested in the management and business of the

## Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R.R.,

And the leased roads of the Company, are hereby notified that the railway and property of this Company has been leased to the

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

For a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of and from the first day of July proximo, and with the close of the day previous, (June 30,) all responsibility and liability of this Company will cease as to the management of the business of the railway, and for labor and supplies therefor of every character. The term of service of all persons of every class now employed by this Company will terminate on the said

**30th day of this Month,**

Excepting such persons as may be hereafter specially notified otherwise.

By order of the Board of Directors.

**G. W. CASS,** PRESIDENT.

je29:122

## INSURANCE.


**THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.**
Of Pennsylvania.
Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

**Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.**
**Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D., Vice President,**
**JACOB RUSH, Secretary,**
**C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.**

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.
**DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.**

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

**BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.**

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,
**No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.**

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

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| W. M. Stewart, | Ch. P. Whiston, | Joseph Craig, |
| Jos. Lautner, | H. J. Zinkand, | Jere. Kohen. |

R. E. HERON, GENERAL AGENT.

ap10:o35

**CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,**
PHELAN'S BUILDING,
**No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,**
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital All Paid Up.

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| Jake Hill, | S. M'Clurkan, | Jas. M. Bailey. |
| Thomas Smith, | Jno. S. Wilcock, | |

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

**Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.**

ap2:g67

**PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,**
OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.
This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

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| Robert Patrick, | J. C. Lappe, |
| Jacob Painter, | J. C. Fleiner, |
| Josiah King, | John Voegtley, |
| Jas. H. Hopkins, | A. Ammon. |
| Henry Sproul, | |

jy4:

**INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.**

**FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,**
**OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.**

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| Tobias Wagner, | David S. Brown, |
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| Jacob R. Smith, | Edward C. Dale, |
| George W. Richards, | George Fales. |

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

**NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**
Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President,
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| Jno. Brown, Jr. | George Gerst, | Jacob Kopp, |
| O. H. Williams | Jno. Thompson | J. McNaugher. |

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**WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.**
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.
Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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| Alexander Speer, | Joseph Kirkpatrick, |
| Andrew Ackieu, | Phillip Reymer, |
| David M. Long, | Wm. Morrison, |
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**PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.**

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

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| Wm. Van Kirk, | Wm F. Lang, |
| James D. Verner, | Samuel McCrickart |

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JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

**ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.**
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
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DIRECTORS:

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| C. G. Hussey, | Robert H. Davis, |
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## PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.


**BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.**

**Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,**
**AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.**

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class insrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $250 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

**BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,**
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

☞ Orders for tuning and repairing will be promptly attended to by C. F. Mathews.


## AMUSEMENTS.


**SECOND ANNUAL PIC NIC**
OF
**MECHANICS' LODGE,**
**NO. 9, I. O. O. F.,**
**At Moyce's Grove, Ross' Station,**
**JULY 5th, 1869.**

Trains will leave the depot of the West Penna. R. R., Allegheny City, at regular intervals.

Refreshments by Alf. Fogle; Dinner by Adam Berry.

Tickets.....$1.00.

**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

For a short season commencing MONDAY EVENING, June 28th, and continue every evening during the week.

Grand Matinee Saturday Afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents.

The great incomparable

**DUPREZ & BENEDICT MINSTRELS**

The largest company in the world. 26 performers, complete in every department.

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY Offenbach's Grand Opera,

LA BELLE HELLEM.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

THE GREAT BARBER RED OPERA,

With an entire change of programme.

Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette, 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Seats secured from 2 to 5 each day at the box office, without extra charge. je24:k94

**BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,**
The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.

☞ Open Day and Evening, all the year round Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

**FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

**PIC NICS.**

**PARTIES GETTING UP PIC NICS,** private or public, attention is called to the beautiful grounds situated on the Pan Handle Road, at Mansfield. The grounds are unsurpassed for beauty and shade. A large platform, laid with flooring boards and in good order, on the ground. The best of order at all times preserved. Arrangements can be made at all times with the railroad for transportation. For particulars address

ELY WICOFF,
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
je23 k93 Mansfield.


## PROPOSALS.

**ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.**

Tenders will be received at this office until JULY 10th, 1869, for the following Supplies, to be delivered as required, on the line of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, for the use of said Railway Companies to 1st January, 1

# CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

**For Sale.**—A good paying route on this paper in Fifth and Sixth Wards, Allegheny. None but good, sober, industrious men need apply. Call at GAZETTE counting room betwen four and five o'clock P. M., to-day.

**Mr. A. P. Thompson**, Assessor of the Fifteenth ward, has been attending regularly to registration under the new law.

**Steamboat Excursion.**—The steamer Glendale will leave the foot of Market every hour on July 3d and 5th for the grand jubilee at McKee's Rocks. 3

**Early Closing.**—We understand that the dry goods stores on Fifth and Market streets will close at five P. M., until the first of September.

**False Pretences.**—Margaret Davis made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, charging Chas. Watt with obtaining boarding to the amount of $24 under false pretences. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Watt.

**Assault and Battery.**—John Lutz made information yesterday charging Mary McKeon with assault and battery. Alderman McMasters, before whom the information was made, issued a warrant for the arrest of the accused.

**Keeping a Bawdy House.**—Jacob Fox made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, charging Ellen Cannon, Sarah Run and Kate Patterson with keeping a bawdy house on Middle street, Allegheny. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

**Larceny by Bailee.**—Barney McTigh made information before Alderman McMasters yesterday, charging John McTigh with larceny by bailee. He alleges that he left in the possession of defendant a lot of household goods, which he (the accused) refuses to return or deliver to him. The goods are valued at $100. A warrant was issued for the arrest of John.

**Amputated by a Rope.**—A German named Frederick Roup, recently from Pittsburgh, while standing on the wharf at Louisville, Ky., on Tuesday last, had his right foot torn off, having become entangled in a tug-boat cable which was suddenly pulled straight by the heavy current sweeping the boat rapidly down the river. Roup is a single man, twenty-six years of age.

**At the regular stated meeting** of Post No. 151, G. A. R., held last evening, the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing term:

P. C., Philip Hoerr; Sr. Vice, G. B. Van Emon; Jr. Vice, Joseph H. Burtt; Adjt., Joseph Fisher; Q. M., W. F. Willock; O. D., W. E. Weber; O. G., Fred. Slatter; Qr. M. Sergt. Thomas Miller; Sergt. Major, Perry Young; Surgeon, J. H. Roberts; Chaplain, P. S. Brown.

**In Town.**—D. S. Gray and W. W. Card, Esqs., the former, Second Vice-President and General Manager, and the latter, Superintendent, of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis (Pan Handle) Railway, were in town yesterday. These gentlemen are most attentive in the discharge of their duties, and, with their colleagues, have succeeded in placing the great Pan Handle route in the most excellent condition. Having finished their business connected with the road, they they left yesterday afternoon to continue their observations along the line.

**Prof. S. A. Neale**, of the colored schools of Allegheny, has proved himself a most capital teacher. He has for many years superintended and taught with signal success, advancing the various grades and classes to a high proficiency. He is, therefore, a public benefactor, and as, owing to inadequate salary, he is obliged to try auxiliary means for the support of his family, he wisely selects and organizes a rich and varied musical and floral drama, whose final exhibition will take place this evening at Exelsior Hall, Allegheny. We are sure that the performances will be creditable to his management, and hope they will also be remunerative. Let the friends of Mr. Neale and the friends of his work enjoy the treat and aid the object.

### Senatorial Conferees.

The Republican Conferees from Washington and Beaver counties, who were in session in this city from Tuesday until noon yesterday, completed the duties for which they were appointed and adjourned *sine die*. At twelve o'clock Wednesday night they agreed upon a candidate for Senator. On the three hundred and seventy-fourth ballot Jas. Rutan, Esq., of Beaver, was nominated, after which the Conference adopted the following resoluution:

*Resolved*, That the candidate nominated by this Conference shall be and he is hereby instructed to vote for the passage of a law to require the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to apply all the balance of funds in the Treasury of the State available for the purpose to the purchase the outstanding debt of the Commonwealth.

At the concluding session yesterday morning H. J. Vankirk, Esq., was nominated for Assembly.

### Orphans to Visit the Museum.

PITTSBURGH, June 25, 1869.

MAJ. BURNELL: Dear Sir—You are doubtless aware that we have an institution on Washington street, Allegheny city, called the "Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless." Its numbers are at present about one hundred. I have always been anxious that they should visit your valuable Museum, and now I write to see if you will do so great a favor as to let me take as many as are large enough, free of expense. If you grant me this favor, you will have the satisfaction of giving great pleasure to these little unfortunates who are thrown upon the charities and sympathies of the public for support, as well as upon Yours, Very Respectfully,

MRS. LEVI WADE.

BURNELL'S MUSENM, FIFTH AVE., June 30th, 1869.

MRS. LEVI WADE—Dear Madame: Before the close of the Museum for repairs, I received a note from you as Chairman of Committee for "Home for the Friendless," requesting permission for those under your charitable care to visit the Museum free of charge. In reply, Madame, I am only too happy to have it in my power to afford a source of amusement, pleasure or benefit to all who, through misfortune, have been denied the means of securing such needful indulgences. Madame, you and your little friends are very welcome, as also all who may be engaged in the institution in the same charitable object as yourself.

Permit me to appoint next Friday afternoon, July 2d, as a very convenient time for them to attend.

Very Respectfully,

MAJ. BURNELL.

## BUTLER, PA.

### The Eighth Day of the Shugart Poisoning Case—Evidence for the Commonwealth Continued—The Alleged Unfaithfulness of the Prisoner to Her Husband.

(Correspondence of the the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUTLER, WEDNESDAY, June 30, 1869.

The eighth day of the Shugart murder trial commenced this morning. Mrs. Shugart seemed considerably improved and is evidently regaining her health somewhat. Her daughter and other members of the family were in Court all day, and conversed with her frequently, which is the first day they have done so since the opening of the trial.

The testimony was principally relative to the alleged intimacy of Martin and Mrs. Shugart, as a motive for the commission of the crime, and, as will be seen, was quite voluminous. The Commonwealth expect to close their case about Thursday evening or Friday morning. We understand the testimony for the defense, though not very lengthy, will be of an interesting character, and develope many new facts.

THE ALLEGED INTIMACY—HIS VISITING.

*John Stoke*, sworn—Reside near Jacob Shugart's house, am a blacksmith; knew Jacob Shugart; lived beside him about six years. I saw Shugart about twice every week for that time. He was a stout looking and healthy man so far as I knew. He worked very steady and never lost a day. I knew him sixteen years altogether. Martin came to our house nearly every day last winter, (1868) and often slept with his son. The intimacy between him and Mrs. Shugart commenced last summer. The first evidence I noticed was at the picnic, on the Fourth of July. We were sitting on a bench when Mrs. Shugart called us to a refreshment table and treated us. When I went home, about five o'clock, I met the two on the road going home together. I don't think Shugart was at the picnic. [The witness here corroborated the testimony of his wife, relative to the visiting at these hours of Martin and Mrs. Shugart and the manner of their leaving.]

I never watched for them or saw anything, after they left my house. Mrs. Shugart did not visit my house often before July.

Cross-examined—Sometimes she would have some of the children with her, sometimes Annie and Maggie would come for her.

LYING IN WAIT.

*John Martin*, sworn—I am boarding with Mr. Stokes. Have been there a little over two years. Mother is dead. I am the youngest of the family. In the fall of 1868 father commenced working for Mr. Shugart. I don't know when he quit, but he was not working there last summer. He very often during the summer went into Shugart's; I went pretty often, too. I went to see nobody. I often saw father there at night, and in the daytime, when the family were present. I sometimes watched for him at night from Mr. Stokes', and saw him go into the gate, entering Mr. Shugart's lot. I went up to the stable a few minutes afterwards and heard talking; staid until about one o'clock; heard talking all the time; got tired of waiting, and then supposed it to come from Shugart's kitchen; went round to the door and listened at the key hole, but heard nothing. That same night I heard the baby crying. I used to come home sometimes and see father at Stokes'. I waited until he came out and watched him, when he went into the stable. I could see nobody else go in. I went away and came back in about an hour, and went into the stable, but found nothing. I saw him often going into Shugart's house, after the fourth of July. I never saw him and Mrs. Shugart together. I made an arrangement to watch for them the night Shugart died. I heard Shugart was dead; then I did'nt watch. I wanted to know if what the people talked about was a fact.

Cross examined—While father was working with Mr. Shugart, Mrs. Shugart washed for him and Amelia did his sewing. He told me so.

*Mrs. Mary Kline*, sworn—I am about the nearest neighbor to Shugart's. Saw Joseph Martin going to Shugart's nearly every day, commencing about a week after the Fourth of July. Mr. Shugart was away working generally. He was there generally about four o'clock in the afternoon. I saw him the most time in the cellar kitchen. The children were generally present. Martin and Mrs. Shugart were talking together. A week or two before Shugart died I think Martin must have quit going, as I did not see him. I often at night saw him go through my garden over into Shugart's lot and walk toward the house; generally between nine and ten o'clock at night. I often saw him at night hiding in the lower part of Shugart's lot, among a lot of tobacco plants, which were very high. I could see into Shugart's cellar kitchen from my garden. I was at Shugart's the day he died, just after he had been laid out. I had a conversation with Mrs. Leonard Wise, that night, in the room where the corpse lay. Mrs. Shugart was lying on the bed in the next room. We conversed in a whisper; she said to me, "Nobody but mother and Martin did this."

Objected to by the defense, because the prisoner had not been present when it was stated. Objection sustained and the declaration ruled out for the present.

MARTIN'S HOURS OF RETIRING.

*Frank Fisher*, sworn—Live in the north end of Butler. Am a brickmaker. I knew Jacob Shugart, when I met him, fifteen or twenty years. He was a healthy man and did a good day's work. Joseph Martin worked for me about the 15th of May to the 20th of September, 1868. He was generally on hand. While he worked for me I boarded him. When he was not working he boarded at Mr. Schultz's, near Shugart's. When he boarded with me he kept irregular hours, generally quite late, mostly at two o'clock, and a few times at nine o'clock. He told me that he and Shugart had quarrelled. [Objected to by defense, and objection sustained.] I have an idea what it was about. [Objected to by defense.] (The Court said if the witness knew facts, anything which a jury could believe, it might be received; but no declarations of such a character as an individual opinion, could be received.) [Mr. McCandless said they intended to prove by this and other witnesses that at this time Shugart and Martin had a quarrel about Martin's intimacy with Mrs. Shugart, and they thought that questions of this kind should be ruled in order. After some further discussion the inquiry was withdrawn for the time, until other connecting evidence could be adduced.] We generally quit work about three or four o'clock; we then got supper. He generally dressed up before supper, so that he could start off right after.

*Mrs. Mary Snyder*, sworn—Live on Water street. There was a lot and alley between Shugart's and our house during the year 1868. We have moved away from there now. I have known Shugart's for five years, having lived beside them that length of time. I never knew him to be sick during the last five years of his life, while he lived beside me. I saw him working about his house on the morning of the day of his death, as usual. About five o'clock Mrs. Shugart was crying and lamenting his death, and said to me he had died with the cramps and had them the night before. Know Joseph Martin. He often went to Shugart's; saw him there after he quit his day's work, but not at night. Sometimes Shugart was there, and again he would be away. He visited frequently after July up to the time of Shugart's death. While I was in the house Amelia said to Mrs. Laux, in the presence of Mrs. Shugart that Shugart through the soup had got sick, and if she "had only let father live and went away with Martin." [The witness here stated that when this was told her it was the day Mrs. Shugart was taken to jail. She was taken at noon and the witness went up in the afternoon to the house, when the conversation occurred. She did not understand the first question when put to her by the interpreter, which caused the contradiction in her statement. The Court accordingly instructed the jury to pay no attention to this declaration, as it was not made in the presence of the prisoner.] Mrs. Shugart told me she did not like Shugart. I was at Mrs. Laux's on a visit when Mrs. Shugart told her she intended to visit some relatives in Pittsburgh. She would stay with them a day or two; then she would go to her brother's and they might see when she would return. This was in the fall of the year, I think in September.

Cross-examined—This conversation occurred in Mr. Laux's room. Mrs. Laux was present and heard it. I said: "Why, you have your children here." Then Mrs. Laux said: "Oh, that is the way she always talks foolishness." It was said in a laughing manner, but I could not take it as a joke. I don't know where her brother lived.

SHUGART THE NIGHT BEFORE HIS DEATH.

*John Snyder*, sworn—The last witness who testified is my wife. Shugart used to come to my house nearly every evening. On the evening before his death he was at my house, and left about eight o'clock. He made no complaints of being sick; talked as usual. He said nothing about his supper, or what he had eaten then. He never complained in my presence about his wife, or children, or family affairs. He seemed to keep these things to himself. I was very intimate with him. I knew Joseph Martin and often during the summer saw him at the house, and on up to Shugart's death. [The witness and the interpreter here held a lengthy conversation in German, the substance of which was, as stated by the interpreter, a conversation witness had with Martin about his going to Shugart's. The Court, however, refused to receive the testimony, as it was not heard by Shugart, or he was not told to remonstrate with Martin by Shugart.]

Nothing new elicited in cross-examination.

*John Manniel*, sworn—Live on Water street, about two squares from Shugart. Know Shugart and Martin. Have seen Martin frequently in Shugart's house, in the front room, at night, with Mrs. Shugart; other times with the family. The door was open, and I looked in as I passed. Saw them twice at Stokes' house together. I have met Mrs. Shugart going home alone from Stokes' late at night, when Martin was setting at Stokes' door. I have often at night seen him about there, but could not say whether he went to the house.

Recess till afternoon.

### Afternoon Session.

Court met at two o'clock, and proceeded with the taking of testimony.

*John Martin*, re-called.—I never heard Mrs. Shugart say anything about not liking her man. I had a conversation with Wm. Vogely yesterday, but can't recollect what I said.

*Wm. Schonerker*, sworn.—I live with my father. Our house is on the same street as Shugart's, and we can see Shugart's house from ours. I never knew of Shugart's being sick. I know Joseph Martin. I heard a discussion once about Shugart and Martin. Mrs. Stoke was telling my mother in our house about these two, and as soon as I came into the room they "dried up," but I heard enough to excite my curiosity. I met John Martin and talked to him about the matter, and made arrangements that any time he wanted to watch his father, I'd go with him and stop this business if I could. The afternoon that Shugart died I had made arrangements to watch Martin and Mrs. Shugart that night, but afterwards discovered that Shugart had died, so I didn't watch. [The witness was here proceeding to tell all he had seen, suspected or heard, when he was interrupted by counsel. He seemed to think this an unwarranted interference and an attempt at concealment by the defense, which called forth the mysterious remark, "It's a mighty strange thing a body can't tell what he knows." He was allowed to proceed with what he *knew*, but nothing else.] I saw Martin once or twice at Shugart's. Once when I was standing at our door I saw Martin sitting at Shugart's.

*Frederick Brief*, sworn—I was one of Shugart's nearest neighbors. Know Joseph Martin. Saw him frequently about Shugart's. I heard from my wife that Martin and Mrs. Shugart had often gone out walking, and that they had been walking once at the Cemetery.

MARTIN ORDERED AWAY.

*Leonard Wise*, re-called—I saw Joseph Martin go to my father-in-law's house several times, when Mr. Shugart was there, and when he wasn't there. It was after July. He was there most frequently when Shugart was away. He went generally after he quit work in the brick yard. I have known him to be there till ten o'clock at night. I did not see him there after the family were in bed. My father-in-law was angry at Martin's coming there. A month or more before his death he was angry about it. John Shugart told me Mr. Shugart also told Martin not to come about any more. Mr. Shugart also told me the same thing. It was at night he told him, about three weeks before his death. Jacob Laux and I watched for Martin two nights, but he did not come. I was led to watch because I heard of him sneaking about the house at midnight hour. This was before Mr. Shugart had ordered him away, and about four weeks before Shugart died. Mrs. Shugart and I had a disagreement on account of Martin's going there. I told her one day "that the neighbors were talking about this man coming there and it ought to be stopped." She said, "People talk a good deal and it's none of their business." Nothing further was said. This was a short time before the fourth of July. He continued to come after I had told her this; I don't remember going into the house after this till the day Shugart died. I think Martin quit coming about a week or ten days before Shugart died. Mrs. Shugart is about forty-seven or forty-eight years of age. The youngest child is about three years of age.

*Amelia Shugart*, re-called—Martin commenced coming to our house before the Fourth of July, and frequently afterwards, generally between three and four o'clock in the afternoon, and leaving before father came home. He was there nearly every day. He came in the evening. I never saw him after bed hours, but I heard a noise. Martin when he came talked to all of the family. He did come some times for his washing, but mostly had no reasons. Father became very much dissatisfied at his coming, and it led to disagreements between father and mother several times. Father and Martin had a disagreement about it one Sunday evening. Martin was sitting there all evening with father and mother; if was near ten o'clock; I was in Mrs. Laux's room; father didn't want to retire and leave Martin there, but he finally did so. Then he came down and told Martin he thought it was time he would leave; he thought it wasn't very nice for him to come every Sunday afternoon, when all the family, with the exception of Mrs. Shugart, were at church. Father then told him to leave and not come back again. Martin replied, but I could not tell what he said. This was about six weeks before father died. Martin continued to come back after this, mostly in father's absence. Mother was either in the front or back room when Martin was ordered away. Father and mother slept in different rooms, and had done so for some time. I heard father tell mother once not to speak to Martin so much when he come there, as people would think harm of it. I was not at home on the Fourth of July, but I was told by some member of the family that Martin had been there. I slept in the same room with mother. There were two beds in the room. I heard persons around the house at night after bed hours; heard a noise at the back window as of gravel or small pebbles thrown against it; the person throwing this must have been in the lot at the back of the house. This was the window in the room where we slept. I heard it twice. I don't remember to have been in the room the first time. The second time the window was up and the shutters shut. As soon as the noise was heard mother called me, and I made no reply; she then looked out about two seconds, and closed the shutter. I don't think she was in bed at the time. She then went down stairs and staid but a few minutes, when the gravel was thrown against the window; mother said, "Amelia, Amelia, are you sleeping." I didn't answer. It must have been late at night. Lizzie was sick at this time and was very low. There was a light in the room.

Cross-examined—Mother was often required to get up at night, and frequently to go down stairs and get things for Lizzie. Mother and father occupied separate rooms for about three years, long before they saw Martin.

*Jacob Laux*, re-called.—I knew of Joseph Martin going to Shugart's during the summer of 1868. He generally came in the afternoon. I knew Shugart had became angry and ordered him away one Sunday evening. Mr. Shugart told me he was dissatisfied at Martin's coming. In the summer some time I heard her talking to Shugart about going to Germany; Martin was present at the time; Shugart said she was too old a woman; Martin said if there was nothing but the money wanting, he'd "fix that all right." Martin was talking of going to Germany. I made an arrangement with Leonard Wise to watch for Martin. We heard of him coming at night. We watched two nights, but didn't see him. One evening I came home late, and Mrs. Shugart was standing at the door, and asked me what I was looking for. I said nothing. I don't know whether she knew I was watching, but she accused me of doing so. It was after I had watched one night before Shugart's death; when she accused me. She said, "I understand you are watching me, and you needn't." I told her I wasn't.

"PUT HIM OUT OF THE ROAD."

*Maggie Shugart*, sworn—Am a daughter of Jacob Shugart; am fourteen years old; next child to Amelia living. Was at home last summer and fall; am now living at Leonard Wise's; have been there since father's death. Knew of Joseph Martin's coming to our house. [The witness corroborated the evidence of other witnesses in relation to the times and frequency of Martin's visits.] I saw Martin and mother in the kitchen together several times. Did not hear any conversation between them in regard to going away. One day I came in the gate, and was passing the kitchen door, when Martin and mother were in the kitchen. Just while passing I heard Martin say, "Yes, I'd put him out of the road;" but I don't know why he said it or what it meant; I wasn't going in the kitchen; I wanted to get a drink at the pump by the kitchen door. The time was between four and five o'clock in the afternoon. It was about six or seven weeks before father died. Nobody else that I know of was in the kitchen. I never recollect of hearing Martin say to mother she was "too pretty a woman to have such an ugly man." I don't mind of accusing mother of sitting up late with Martin and causing people to talk. Mother never whipped or scolded me about anything I said about Martin or his coming to our house.

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

*Nicholas Miller*, sworn—Knew Jacob Shugart since boyhood in Germany. Saw him the evening before his death coming in from his corn field, carrying a bag of corn on his back. He said he intended to get the same field from Mrs. Groutt the next year. He seemed to be in as good health as usual that week. I walked toward town with him and we were talking of getting the field next year, [1869.] I had a part of the field myself. He said we ought to get it together, and he would talk to Mrs. Groutt about us getting it. I was at his funeral. I had no talk with Mrs. Shugart. The family of Shugarts in Germany, as far as I know, were healthy people.

*Mrs. Gertrude Stahley*, sworn—Live on Jail Hill. About a half an hour after Mr. Shugart's death I was at the house and heard Mrs. Shugart say, "The eating of the radish and the rupture had caused cramps, from which he died." I staid about half an hour. On the day Mrs. Shugart was taken to jail Leonard Wise came for me to go and take care of the children.

*Mrs. Elizabeth Niggle*, sworn—Live in Butler and know Jacob Shugart since his return from California in 1851.

Q. Do you know of Mrs. Shugart's having an illegitimate child during his absence in California?

Mr. Thompson, for the defense, objected to this question.

Mr. McCandless contended that it was proper, as showing the unfaithfulness of the wife. The Commonwealth proposed to prove that Shugart was absent in California from 1851 to 1854 and that the wife during that time had exhibited her want of affection and constancy for him by proving untrue.

Mr. Thompson asked that the proposition be put in writing, that the defense might have an opportunity of objecting to it in the usual manner.

Mr. McCandless reduced the offer to writing. It was to the effect that the Commonwealth proposed to prove by this and other witnessess that Shugart had gone to California in 1851 and returned in 1854; that in the meantime, in the summer of 1853, Mrs. Shugart had an illegitimate child, thus exhibiting her inconstancy and want of affection for him; that they also proposed to prove that Mrs. Shugart had never liked her husband, but had been induced to marry him at the solicitation of friends.

Mr. Mitchell then presented an objection to the offer, as not relevant to the question at issue, and the circumstances too far back to be brought in at the present time. In support of his objection, he claimed that a circumstance happening sixteen years, nearly half a generation before, could not be taken into consideration now, as it threw no light on the question at issue. It had nothing to do with and could not explain Shugart's death or Martin's intimacy. It happened before Martin was about the country. If the door was thus thrown open, there could be no end to the irrelevant testimony which might be produced. It had no connection with the present case, as it didn't prove anything bearing upon it. The only effect such evidence would have would be to prejudice the minds of the jury against the prisoner by introducing circumstances, and outside circumstances, which, even if true, were altogether foreign to the issue.

Mr. Mitchell said the argument upon which the admission of the testimony was based was altogether wrong, and that it did away with all *locus rentientia* in the case, which was a recognized principle in law. Certainly in sixteen years, even if the alleged act had been committed, there had been time for repentance. Such was the presumption of law, and he argued accordingly that the evidence was inadmissible. Were it immediately related to other surroundings in the case, or of recent occurrence, then it might be considered as a part of the *res gestae*, and be receivable the same as other testimony already presented to the Court and jury. But it was not, in any sense, one of the surroundings, but an event or act of long ago, which decidedly made it not properly receivable.

Mr. McCandless said, in a case of this kind, there were but three inquiries proper to be asked. First, in relation to the nature of the offence; second, its commission and the offender; and, third, the *motive*. The Commonwealth for nearly two days had been attempting to show the inconstancy of the defendant and her alienation of affection from her husband; that she did not love him and desired to be freed of him. In doing this they had produced evidence showing the fact of her intimacy with Martin. This certainly was proper and according to law. They certainly could not be prevented from exhibiting a motive for the crime in this manner. But now, having done this, and established the fact as regarded recent events, they desired to go back still further and give unmistakable evidence on this point. Was this not a proper inquiry? Had she a proper affection and love for him? If her life was traced back to another period of time it would show the fact of a deliberate, settled alienation, if not hatred, for a period of perhaps more than half of their matrimonial lives. More positive evidence of her unfaithfulness was thus given, and was this not what had been shown in the testimony thus far in the two days' examinations? Was it not merely a *continuation* of this evidence? As she was faithless then, so she had been ever since, an assertion which, if permitted, would be followed up with proper proof. It was proper to show a motive for the crime, and what stronger one could there be than a want of affection or a positive hatred to her husband. It was hardly necessary, he thought, to refer to the authorities to show that acts of indescretion are admissible, but if necessary they could be produced.

Judge McGuffin said they would not be needed on that point. They had been hearing that for two days, and the question was settled. The proposition was a very broad one, and was not confined to the illegitimacy of the child, but also raised the point whether there was any limit to the time at which such evidence was competent. He asked McCandless for his authorities upon this point.

Mr. McCandless stated he had authorities showing the admissibility of the evidence, but had none in which the limit of time was stated, as to how far back an examiner might go to prove acts of inconstancy. The principle, however, was well chosen and laid down, that the facts could be shown, and it seemed no more than proper that it should be done at any time, and no matter how long a time back the evidence extended. He said, however, as it was within a very few minutes of the time for adjournment, if the Court would defer a decision until Thursday morning he would examine into the matter more carefully.

This suggestion was agreed to and Court accordingly adjourned.


### Success the Test of Merit.

Success is the test of merit in regard to Sewing Machines as well as enterprises of any kind. The Singer Sewing Machine, ever since its introduction to the market, has been popular, and deservedly so, for it possesses merits not found in other machines. Its manufacturers, too, with commendable enterprise, keep up to the times in providing it with all the improvements and valuable changes that are made from year to year. Messrs. Straw & Morton, the agents in this city, have now on hand a large and attractive assortment, which they offer to their patrons at the most moderate prices. Visitors will be shown the machine in operation at the rooms of the firm, corner of Sixth and Penn streets, and can judge for themselves of its efficacy. Messrs. Shaw & Morton will be liberal in all their dealings, and are ready to do all in their power to accommodate their patrons. The Singer can be recommended as a thoroughly reliable machine, and those who wish to purchase one of these indispensable articles should not fail to examine the Singer.

**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line, S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

**Business Suspended Monday, July 5th.**—Our storerooms will be closed on Monday, July 5th, as that day seems to be generally accepted as the Anniversary of Our National Independence.

We will also close on and after July 6th at 5 o'clock in the evening.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal street,
2 Allegheny City.

**For an elegant shop**, an easy chair, a comfortable shave, a perfect hair-dye, for fashionable hair cutting (of adults or children) or for skillful leeching, cupping or tooth drawing, call at Rode's, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny. F

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

**For fashionable** hair-dressing, plain or by curling, and a frizzle, for a luxurious shave or bath, and for skillful cupping and leeching, call at Williamson's elegant saloon at No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. F

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No. 91 Liberty street.

**Bates & Bell** are closing the balance of their summer goods cheap. No. 21 Fifth avenue.

### Economical, Reliable, the Best.

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

**"Fresh as a Maiden's Blus** pure peachy Complexion w the use Hagan's Magnolia the True Secret of Beauty. Ladies in Society understan The Magnolia Balm hang Country Girl into a Q re B more rapidly than any other o Redness, Sunburn, Freckles, Blotches and all effects the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocer for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

**The place to get** White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

**Black Alpacas** for 50 cents, worth 62 cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Examine** our Muslins, 12½ cents, Bates & Bell's.

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crakers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

**Striped Dimities** for 45 cents, worth 60 cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Silk Sacques** for $8, worth $10,50, Bates & Bell's.

**Very choice prints**, 12½ cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Marseilles** for 25 cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Lace Mantles** for $6,50, worth $8, Bates & Bell's.

**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers and at 91 Liberty street.


### MARRIED.

MCINTYRE—ROBINSON—On Tuesday, June 29th, 1869, by Rev. S. M. Hickman, Mr JOHN MCINTYRE and Miss KATE ROBINSON, of Allegheny City.

### DIED.

MAYS—July 1st, 1869, at 7 P. M., MARY MELISSA, daughter of Capt. William Mays, aged 14 years and 2 months.

The funeral will take place on SATURDAY, the 3d inst., at 2 P. M., from the residence of her father, No. 36 Miller street, Pittsburgh. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

STEPHENS—On Thursday, July 1st, LIZZIE T., youngest daughter of John and Mary Stephens, aged 9 months and 7 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 919 Carson street, between 9th and 10th streets, Birmingham TO-DAY, the 2d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.


### UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CASES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PETERSON, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, Ill kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

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